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The Bombay Chronicle

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INSURE WITH or REPRESENT
INDIAN MERCANTILE
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STALINGRAD STANDS—BLOODY BUT UNBOWED!

Defenders Hit Back

Two German Infantry Battalions Wiped Out

Gen. Von Kleist Reported Killed, But Berlin Denies Report

MOSCOW, Sept. 20.

General Von Kleist has been killed in the Mozdok area, reports a Soviet "communique".

He is the Commander of the First German Tank Army.

VON BOCK'S RIGHTHAND MAN

General Von Kleist was Hitler's second best tank expert after Guderian and General Von Bock's righthand man. He was reported to have been dismissed after his defeat at Rostov by Marshal Timoshenko in November last year but was recalled early this year. He commanded the German troops which captured Belgrade during the Yugoslav campaign.

When death struck him his army was striking desperately along the Terek river 60 miles from Grozny and the rich oilfields which were his prize.—Reuter.

BERLIN DENIAL

A BERLIN MESSAGE, HOWEVER, BROADCAST BY THE GERMAN NEWS AGENCY DENIES REPORT OF DEATH OF GEN. VON KLEIST.

Tempo Of Fighting Increases

MOSCOW, Sept. 20.

(From Reuter's Special Correspondent): The street fighting in North-Western Stalingrad is increasing in intensity. On Saturday the Germans charged in one quarter with 80 tanks and captured a number of streets, but by evening had been ejected from some

Street fighting is also proceeding in an unnamed town in the Voronezh front. In northern sector of the Voronezh front, the Germans are trying to relieve garrison mans which is being exterminated.

The Germans counter-attacked on Saturday on the Grozny front in an attempt to seize the initiative from the Soviet who have been pressing the Germans hard for a fortnight.

TIRED NAZIS RELIEVED

German tommy gunners are being rushed up to the suburbs of Stalingrad by transport planes. Fully-rested German divisions, including tank troops, have relieved the tired frontline German soldiers. The city's defenders are facing "considerable" numerical superiority, the newspaper "Red Star" reports on Sunday morning.

"KLEIST KILLED BY BULLET"

Von Kleist was killed by a bullet from a Soviet rifleman. He was the first General to cross the Soviet frontier on June 22, 1941. He is the second General killed in the drive towards the Grozny oilfields, the first being Gen. Mack commander of a tank division brought recently from Paris. Generals Briet and Herr both tank divisional commanders now lead the Germans in the Mozdok area.

BERLIN DENIES KLEIST'S DEATH

BERLIN: The German News Agency says that the report that General von Kleist has been killed is untrue.

TWO RED GENERALS DEAD?

MOSCOW: The death of two Soviet Generals was announced by the Moscow radio. They are Lt.-Gen. Kornilov Grubov and Lt.-Gen. Myshkov, both artillery officers.

HAND-TO-HAND FIGHTING

To-day's Soviet midday 'communique states: "During the night of September 19 our troops fought the enemy in Stalingrad and Mozdok areas. No material changes took place on other fronts."

A supplement to the Soviet 'communique' states that in the Stalingrad area fierce fighting continued with frequent hand-to-hand engagements. Several more streets have been cleared of the invaders.

In the Mozdok area a German counter-attack was repulsed. On the Sinyavino sector of the Leningrad front the Germans are sustaining heavy losses and are bringing up reserves. Eight hundred were killed in one sector, and 53 blockhouses were destroyed. On the Briansk Front the Russians recaptured another inhabited locality.

BLOODY, BUT UNBOWED

Stalingrad Still Stands

MOSCOW: Stalingrad still stands bloody but unbowed, after four weeks of the most terrific onslaught in history—an onslaught in which a greater mass of machines, planes and guns have been concentrated than in any other battle not excluding last year's attack on Moscow, says Reuter's special correspondent. The Soviet commander refuses to contemplate surrender. Every house will be defended inside the city, every hill and vale will be fought for outside. Tanks often 100 strong at a time rush in successive waves. Where the first wave fails to break though it rapidly disengages and wheels away for the third or fourth all following the same tactics.

Both sides are fighting desperately to gain or hold every square yard of ground. Many encircled. Soviet units have been holding out three, four, five days when relieved at last by reinforcements. Red army men in meetings on the battlefield and in ravines flown over and bombed by German planes swear "no German will break our will for victory."

The "Red Star" reported to-day (Sunday) that in street fighting in one sector of Stalingrad the defenders compelled the Germans to withdraw despite fierce resistance. In a sector near the city the Russians have reoccupied a number of tactically important heights.—Reuter.

DEFENDERS HIT BACK

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 19.

From Reuter's Special Correspondent:—

Marshal Timoshenko has launched a powerful offensive against the German "screen" extending between the Don and the Volga north of Stalingrad, according to reports from Berlin to-night. Savage fighting has been going on for 24 hours. The defenders of Stalingrad have succeeded in driving the Germans from two captured positions inside the town limits. The Russians are said to be receiving reinforcements over two Pontoon bridges across the Volga. As often as these bridges are destroyed by dive-bombers and artillery they are repaired.

Streets Cleared Of Germans

MOSCOW, Sept. 20.

A supplement to the Soviet midnight 'communique' says: "In the area of Stalingrad, fierce fighting continued. Our units launched repeated counter-attacks as a result of which they cleared several streets of the Germans. In one sector, a company of German Tommy-gunners was surrounded and completely wiped out. The enemy attempted to relieve the surrounded company and threw 20 tanks into the fighting. By the fire of anti-tank rifles, grenades and incendiary bottles, our men disabled eight German tanks.

In the area of Mozdok, a number of enemy counter-attacks were repelled. Our troops captured three German tanks and used them against the enemy. In one sector of the Voronezh area, two enemy regiments supported by tanks attacked our positions eight times in one day. Our unit repelled all the attacks of the Germans. About two battalions of enemy infantry were wiped out. Ten tanks were destroyed.

On the Leningrad front, our patrols, snipers and artillery killed 400 of the enemy in three days."—Reuter.

Fierce Engagements In Stalingrad and Mozdok

MOSCOW, Sept. 20.

To-night's Soviet 'communique' states, "During September 19th our troops fought fierce engagements with the enemy in the areas of Stalingrad and Mozdok. In fighting in the Mozdok area, General Von Kleist has been killed. No material changes took place on the other fronts."

A supplement to the 'communique' says, in fierce fighting at Stalingrad, Soviet troops drove the Germans out of several streets.—Reuter.

Willkie In Moscow

Greeted By Red Representatives

MOSCOW, September 20.

Mr. Wendell Willkie, President Roosevelt's Special Representative, arrived here today by air from Kuibyshev, accompanied by Admiral Stanley, the United States' Ambassador to Russia.

Mr. Wendell Willkie arrived at the airport in Moscow by a liberator bomber. After being greeted by Soviet officials and Foreign Diplomatic Representatives he left for Moscow in a high-powered car. Soviet and American flags decorated the huge landing field.—Reuter.

Allied Bombers Attack Enemy Aerodrome

LONDON, Sept. 20.

Allied Headquarters, South-west Pacific: —To-day's 'communique' from General MacArthur's Headquarter says:

LAE:—In a co-ordinated attack, Allied medium bombers hit enemy dispersal areas, while attack planes strafed anti-aircraft and supply installations in the vicinity.

BUNA:—Allied fighters, attacking up and down the Kokoda track, set fire to one "Zero" fighter and a supply dump at Buna and silenced an anti-aircraft position.

VITIAZ STRAITS:—Allied heavy bombers attacked an enemy cargo vessel and a large motor-boat from a low altitude.

SOLOMONS, BUKA:—Allied medium bombers raided an enemy aerodrome in poor weather conditions. The bombs fell in the target area starting fire, other results here unobserved.

OWEN STANLEY AREA:—The situation is unchanged and our patrols are active.

GOOD ENOUGH BAY:—Allied fighters attacked an enemy whaling boat killing the occupants.—Reuter.

Motor Cars Of Ambalal Sarabhai's Daughters Attached

"IN LIEU OF FINES OF RS. 200 IMPOSED ON EACH"

AHMEDABAD, September 20.

Three motor cars belonging to Misses Bharatiben, Giraben and Gitaben, three daughters of Seth Ambalal Sarabhai, mill agent, were attached by the police, in lieu of the fines of Rs. 200 imposed on each of them for taking part in a procession, besides the sentence of three months' rigorous imprisonment.—A. P.

INSPECTOR'S OFFICE BROKEN OPEN

AHMEDABAD, September 20.

The office of the Municipal Conservancy Inspector near Swaminarayan's Temple was broken open today and records were torn to pieces.—A. P.

In Madagascar

BRITISH OCCUPY ANKAZOBE

Southward Advance

PORT LOUIS, September 20.

A Mauritius broadcast from Tananarive at midday on Sunday gives the Madagascar Vichy military headquarters communique, issued at 08-00 on Sunday as follows:—

"The Britishoccupied Ankazobe yesterday towards noon and advanced slightly south-ward. In the region of Brickaville the situation seems unchanged." Presumably the Headquarters lacks precise information.

Reviewing the events of the past week, the Tananarive radio confirmed the occupation of Sambave and alleged that Governor Annet has transferred his Headquarters to a town in South Madagascar, and is determined to resist to the uttermost.—Reuter.

R. A. F.'s Third Raid On Munich

LONDON, September 20.

Last night's raid on Munich was the first since the night of November 8, 1940, when Hitler was making his "Beer Cellar" speech. It was the R.A.F.'s third raid on Munich, which may be regarded almost as a Nazi shrine.

BERLIN:—During the night damage was caused by high explosive and incendiary bombs at several places in Germany, including Munich.—Reuter.

Five Year Plan For Industrialisation Of India

Sir M. Visweswaraya's Suggestion Before Manufacturers' Conference

Churchill Silenced: "We Cannot Have Economic Freedom Without Political Freedom"

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A five-year plan for establishing suitable key and other heavy industries in India with a capital of Rs. 1,000 crores was suggested by Sir M. Visweswaraya who presided over the second quarterly meeting of the Central Committee of the All-India Manufacturers' Organisation to-day He also urged the establishment of a Post-war Construction Board "to make adequate preparations for the reconstruction work after the war.

Sir M. Visweswaraya, in the course of his speech said:—

"In the present state of despondency, our thoughts naturally turn to what may happen during post-war reconstruction. Immediately the war ends and truce is declared, the bulk of the fighting forces will be disbanded and large numbers of work people employed in the factories will be set free. On the Government will devolve the responsibility to find employment for all of them. Preparations and proposals have to be got ready in anticipation of the close of the war. Plans have also to be made for improving production and the general economic condition of the people.

At two meetings the Ex-Commerce Member of the Government of India came forward with announcements that his department was making preparations for post-war reconstruction. His proposals were marked by extreme caution. The Indian business men were not taken into confidence. There was to be no open dealing, no publicity. A few committees were set up whose activities were to be treated as confidential. One important need of the country, namely development of industries or for the civil population was kept out of the reconstruction programme altogether. There is apparently a lull in the preparations now, for there has been no news of the working of these committees for the past nine months.

FEARS CONFIRMED

The industries started in the last war were not continued after the war came to an end. If matters are left to take their own course, the same will happen at the end of the present war and the country will have no chances of overcoming its economic distress. These apprehensions are confirmed by a recent authoritative statement made by the head of the Government that "India is and for a long time yet, likely to be mainly an agricultural country."

RETARDED DEVELOPMENTS

On account of the subordinate position of the Government of India, the people have not been allowed to develop the industrial structure of the country to the extent dictated by their means or wishes. Government have kept activities in certain departments of Indian administration strictly in their own hands without seeking advice or co-operation from representative citizens. One of such departments is 'industries.' The army or 'military department is another. In the military, the indigenous population may serve in the ranks but when it comes to policies or control, they cannot even look over the fence.

In this way many beneficent developments have been ruthlessly retarded. I will give some half a dozen instances which have a close bearing on industries.

Among retarded developments the one which is doing most harm is the failure to educate the masses. Since only one person in every nine now knows to read and write, the rural population is held down by the millstone of its own ignorance. A scheme of education on a five-year plan is the best remedy. Such a plan has succeeded in Russia.

CLAIMS OF HEAVY INDUSTRIES

Next to education, if next at all comes industries. A reform to advance the cause of industries will benefit all grades of the population. Heavy industries which are the balance wheel of the whole business system should receive priority. It is a great disappointment to all far seeing Indian industrialists to notice that the opportunity given by the war is not being utilized to force the pace of industrialization in this country as is being done in Canada or Australia.

Minor industries require an elaborate organization or system to secure uninterrupted progress. Such an organization should be introduced by the Government and the public working in close co-operation. If Government co-operation is not forthcoming, the business leaders should not merely stand by and look on but should join forces even work single handed and build up an organization as best as they can.

A third reform needed is to insist on military equipment and armament machinery to be manufactured within the country itself with the co-operation of Indian industrialists. The present war has shown how helpless the country will be if this measure is not enforced.

A sixth measure should be a production drive with a view to doubling production in the country chiefly from industries in five to seven years time.

"The war is still exercising its blighting influence on industry and trade. Our deep interest as an economic organization lies in the early cessation of the war and the success of the Allies.

REPLY TO CHURCHILL

Before concluding, I have one word more to add; The British Prime Minister in his speech on India the other day stated that the Indian National Congress which is fighting for the freedom of the country was sustained by certain manufacturing and financial interests.' I am not personally aware that any funds have been given to this cause by the interests named, but even if they have been given, there can be no moral turpitude in such an act. Do not English business men contribute to party funds and get protection and help in their world-wide economic enterprises? In India too it should be recognised that for developing Industries we want economic freedom, and we cannot have economic freedom without political freedom. The struggle in India today is to seek amelioration or relief from conditions which threaten to stabilise poverty and make it difficult for the vast masses of our population to keep themselves alive."

Medicos & Khadi Caps

Sind Minister Calls For Fuller Report From Principal

KARACHI, Sept. 19.

An enquiry has been made by the Sind Government into an incident in the Medical College, Hyderabad leading to suspension of eight students from attending classes.

It may be mentioned that these students were suspended on the ground of disobedience and indiscipline following upon their attending the classe with Khadi caps.

Pir Zada Abdussatar, Minister of Public Health, told the 'Associated Press' that he called Major Grey, Principal of the Hyderabad Medical College from Hyderabad and discussed the subject with him yesterday.

The Minister said that Major Grey had informed him that he (Major Grey) had never been opposed to the wearing of Khadar caps. His instructions had been misunderstood and his circular regarding not allowing students to wear the 'insignia' of a political party had been misinterpreted.

The Minister added that he had called for a fuller report of the incident from Major Grey.—A. P.

SIND COLLEGES DEADLOCK

Threatened Hunger-Strike Of Professors & Students Called Off

"Discussion In Spirit Of Earnestness Agreed To"

KARACHI, September 20.

The threatened hunger-strike by Principal and Professors on the one hand and college students on the other has been called off, and further discussion will proceed with the object of resolving the deadlock.

The following statement was issued at 1-40 p.m. by Principal Butani, after a conference lasting several hours at which Mr. Jamshed Mehta took a prominent part. The statement says:

Butani's Statement

"Principal Butani has agreed not to carry out the resolution to go on fast from to-morrow. Students have agreed to end their counter-fast which they had started to-day. The principal and students have agreed to discuss in a spirit of earnestness to find out ways and means to end the present impasse.

Earlier

A piquant situation has arisen in the Sind colleges deadlock and unless one side or the other yields ground the situation threatens to resolve itself into a fast unto death by professors and students all at once.

Principal Butani interviewed by the Associated Press said that he would fast until the students returned to normal work. Asked whether the fast would be complete Principal Butani said that the fast meant a complete fast. There could not be an incomplete fast.

On the other hand students threaten to maintain a fast until the college authorities and Principal Butani withdraw the statement of the intended fast. They are going to begin the fast from to-morrow.

OLD STUDENTS APPEAL

The threatened tussle of soul force between Professors on the one hand and students on the other to the extent of fasting unto death if it came to it, stirred the city this morning. The news of the resolve of Principal Butani and some members of the College staff, to adopt this Gandhian technique to bring back the students to a sense of their immediate duty, spread throughout the city last night itself, and this morning's papers print urgent appeals from old boys of the Colleges concerned, exhorting the students to go back to their studies, and not compel Principal Butani to undertake the fast.

PAY PENALTY WITH LIFE

Principal Butani, in an interview, said that he had taken the decision after a great deal of consideration and thought.

TWO PROFESSORS JOIN

Principal Butani added that two Professors, namely, Prof. Pandya of the N. E. D. Engineering College and Prof. Mankad of the Arts College were already with him in the resolve to fast to death if necessary, and he expected two others to join. The present idea was that one of these Professors would be seated on a chair at each College gate where picketing was at present going on, and they would accept no food whatever until students gave up picketing.

PICKETERS TO GO ON HUNGER-STRIKE

If the principal and college staff go on hunger-strike, some student picketers propose to go on simultaneous hunger-strike at the principal's residence.

STUDENTS COMMENCE HUNGER-STRIKE

KARACHI: Three students of local colleges commenced hunger-strike this morning in the compound of the bungalow of Mr. N. B. Butani, Principal of D. J. Sind College, Karachi. It is said that the hunger-strike has been resorted to in order to forestall the Principal's decision to go on hunger-strike from Monday morning with a view to persuading the students to resume their studies by giving up the picketing. Leading citizens visited the Principal this morning to induce him to give up his resolve.

Explosion In Class-Room

HYDERABAD (Sind), Sept. 20.

An explosion is reported to have occurred in a class room of the D. G. National College, Hyderabad while a professor was taking class. One student who, it is alleged, threw some explosive substance, was arrested.—United Press.

Two German Bombers Destroyed Over Britain

LONDON, Sept. 20.

Two German bombers were destroyed over Britain last night.

It is learned in London that British bombers were over Germany last night.—Reuter.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 15 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

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STOLEN

Cheque No. 1895, dated 18-9-42 for Rs. 250 on Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, drawn by Chief Presidency Magistrate, in favour of Kanchida Pranoo has been Stolen. Payment stopped. Nobody should negotiate. (16908)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Required Young and Energetic Matriculates with knowledge of Machine Shop and Fitters work. Starting salary Rs. 70|-. Prospects good. Apply with full references to Box No. 9705, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted qualified Civil Engineers on construction works apply with testimonials to Box No. 9689 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted by a large factory an expert who has experience in making emery grinding wheels. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 16892 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a salesman with experience of condiment goods. Decent pay or commission. Apply personally between 11 a.m. to 12-30 p.m. or 5 p.m. to 6-30 p.m. to A. K. Merchant, 219, Upper Duncan Road, Bombay 8. (16890)

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Wanted a Shorthand Typist for a Solicitor's office. Gujarati knowing preferred. Apply Box No. 16905, "Bombay Chronicle."

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To Let. Karapurkar's house, Powvala Street, Charni Road. Two Blocks, Second Floor, each consisting drawing and four other spacious rooms, front gallery. Servants and Lumber accommodation Monthly Rent Rs. 55|-. Apply owner on spot. 16889

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A LICENCE INSPECTOR in the grade of Rs. 50—2 1|2—80. Sanitary Inspector with diploma of L. S. G. D. will be given preference. Starting pay according to experience and qualifications. The applications should reach the undersigned on or before 12-10-42|

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Municipal Office,
Kurla, September, 1942. 9701

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A WELL QUALIFIED DOCTOR for Manavadar State Hospital as Chief Medical Officer. Foreign qualifications preferred. Lucrative private practice allowed. Free quarters. Salary according to qualifications. Apply with testimonials immediately stating age, experience, qualifications, and caste, to The Private Secretary, Manavadar State (Kathiawar). (9674)

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Wanted an ELECTRICAL SUPERVISOR for a large Factory Electrification Project. Candidates must have at least five years experience on H. T. and L. T. schemes, including Overhead and Underground erection, on indoor wiring and installation, on switchgear installation, and must hold a certificate for Electrical Supervisors recognised by the P.W.D. Reply to Box No. 9680 "Bombay Chronicle".

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED

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FINAL NOTICE is hereby given that the Shareholders who have not yet paid the Allotment and|or Call Money in respect of the shares issued to them in 1936 and|or 1940 should pay the amount of arrears of allotment and|or call money with interest at 6% on or before 31st October, 1942, at the Registered Office of the Company, "Scindia House," Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, failing which the shares in respect of which such allotment and|or call moneys are outstanding are liable to be forfeited.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 17-9-42. (9706)

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Pay on appointment Rs. 200|- with prospects of promotion according to qualifications to Rs 300.

Free food, clothing and accommodation.

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Finest quality English Liberty Brand Emery Cloths for sale. Write or call for samples and Price List. Nagree & Co., 50 Old Custom House Road. Telephone 30375. (16898)

Electrolyser Cells for manufacturing Bleaching Liquor fitted with Achesons Electro-Graphite Plates also spares available. Apply Post Box 396, Bombay. 16906

Public Notices

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the purchase of scrap pressed kerosene oil tins available at the Stores Depot, Haji Bunder, Bombay. Tender forms obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office on payment of Re. 1|- per copy which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheques, postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date 7th October, 1942, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) (9627)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that JIVRAJ GANGJI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Jehangir Wadia Building, 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece of land, containing an area of 621 Square Yards or thereabouts, situate on and being Plot No. 516 of the Dadar-Matunga Estate of the Corporation in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay with all the structures and buildings standing thereon bounded on the North by Plot No. 517 of the said Estate, on the East by 40 feet College Road, on the South by Plot No. 515 A of the said Estate and on the West by Plot No. 516 A of the said Estate which piece of land forms portion of New Survey No. 872 and bears Cadastral Survey No. 732|10 Matunga Division and assessed under F Ward Nos. 7034 (19) and 7034 (19 AA) and Street Nos. 601 R and 601 RAA.

Dated this 18th day of September, 1942.

MANILAL KHER
AMBALAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys. 9702

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BALVANTRAO KESHAVRAO DESAI, Esqr. Advocate of Bombay Hindu inhabitant, the Court Receiver and Receiver appointed in Suit No. 913 of 1908 (Gabriel David Pereira vs. Peter Paul Pereira and another) and Suit No. 2147 of 1928 Maria Jose Ayalla e Pereira and another vs. Joseph Pascol Pereira and others) and Appeal No. 24 of 1930 (Dominga Antonia Pereira and others vs. Maria Jose Ayalla e Pereira and others) has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us in our Office No. 14 K, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

All that piece or parcel of Foras Land or ground together with a quarry hole therein enclosed, within the walls, situate at Chinchpokli, on the Western side of the Parel Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 6277 1|3 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collectors Old Nos. 767 and 767 and formerly believed to be New Survey No. 1|2525 and 2|2529 and now found to be New Survey No. 3614 and Cadastral Survey No. 777 of Mazagaum division and registered in the Books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 7652, 7653 (1), 7653 (2), 7653 (2 B), 7653 (2 C), 7653 (2 D), 7653 (3), 7653 (4) 7653 (5) and 7654 and Street Nos. 92@ 106 A, 100 A, 100 B, 1 B, 1 C, 1 D, 100 C, 100 D, 100 E, 100 F and bounded as follows:— On the East by the Parel Road on the West by the property of Soman Bros. and Company, on the North by the property of Haji Abdulla Haji Dawood Bowla and on the South by the property of Javer Thoba and others.

Dated this 19th day of September, 1942.

MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys. 9703

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 9 BALES OF EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Under instructions from the Insurance Co. concerned Messrs BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction TO-DAY MONDAY, the 21st September, 1942, at 3-30 P.M. (New S.T.) at their Rooms at 120 Apollo Street, Fort.

8 Bales of Egyptian Cotton MAARAD type HISSA.
1 Bale of Egyptian Cotton. MAARAD type HYOGO (all damaged by fire and water).

On view at our office on the day of sale from 12 A.M.

Terms:—Cash and immediate delivery.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 23rd September, 1942, at 3 P.M. (New S.T.) at their Rooms at 120, Apollo St., Fort.

Pieces of tropical suitings, Palm Beach suitings, Woollen suitings, Tootall silk handkerchiefs, a big lot Morley silk socks, dress gowns, gauze vests, Marcell collars buttons etc.

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Touching Your Hearts with Its Gladness and Sadness

NATIONAL STUDIOS'
ROTI
Produced and Directed by:
MEHBOOB
4th WEEK at
SWASTIK
Out Of Curfew Area
Daily: 3-45, 6-45 & 10 p.m.
Book Now Phone 41561

3rd DEMAND WEEK!
REGAL at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

A Smile-A-Minute Comedy! 10th WEEK
ACHARYA ARTS'
KUNWARA BAP
Producer— N. R. ACHARYA
LAMINGTON
Daily: 4-15, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun: at 1-30 p.m.

MAJESTIC
While Curfew lasts,
Daily at 2 and 5 p.m.
BOMBAY TALKIES'
Splendid Show
BASANT

10th WEEK
MINERVA'S Sweet Entertainer with the Violin Touch
PHIR MILENGE
Direction— SOHRAB MODI
Daily (Curfew) at 4 p.m.
CENTRAL

Deccan Sabha's Plea For Composite Central Cabinet

POONA, Sept. 20.

That the establishment of a composite Central Cabinet having representatives of the Congress, the Muslim League, the Hindu Mahasabha and other political parties was the only way to solve the present political deadlock, is the opinion expressed by the Executive Committee of the Deccan Sabha, in a resolution passed at its meeting held under the chairmanship of Sir R. P. Paranjpye.

The resolution deplores the speech made by the British Prime Minister and expresses surprise at the Viceroy's refusal to the Hindu Mahasabha leaders to see the Congress leaders.

TRANSFER OF PORTFOLIOS

The resolution suggests that the British Government should make a declaration transforming the Central Executive Council into a Cabinet and that the Viceroy and the Secretary of State would ordinarily abide by the decisions of the Cabinet. Also, all the portfolios, except war, should be transferred to Indians.

The resolution also demands that the Allied Nations should give a guarantee of India's independence after war along with Britain.—United Press.

Baroda Govt. On Sankheda Incident

BARODA September 20.

The Information Officer, Baroda says, in a Press Note, that incorrect reports have been published in a section of the Press regarding the incidents in Sankheda on August 25 last.

The Note says:—"The allegation that the military opened fire is incorrect. Some of the rioters received injuries in the lathi charge but none of them were serious. They were seen in the Baroda Jail on the 27th by the Law Member to Government. None of them had any injuries worth mentioning.

NO MOLESTATION OF WOMEN

"The statement that women were molested is a gross and malicious lie. The Mahajan of Sankheda came on the 27th August in deputation to the Law Member and when expressly questioned by him admitted that there had been no molestation of women. Nor was any such complaint made to the Dewan Saheb when the deputation came to see him." United Press.

NEW DELHI, Sept. 19.—Sir Baron Jayatilaka, Representative of the Ceylon Government had informal discussion with representatives of the Commerce Department with regard to food supplies to Ceylon. Further discussions will follow.—A. P.

Film Advertisers
Are requested to take away their blocks lying idle with us as we are shortly going to dispose off our old stock of blocks prior to Aug. 1942.
MANAGER.
Bombay Chronicle.

ROARING FUN!
Navyug's Laugh-hit
STATE GUESTS
(SARKARI PAHUNE)
WEDNESDAY: 12 noon
Daily 3, 6-15, 9-30 p.m.
2nd Week at
KRISHNA
(OUTSIDE CURFEW)

The Film That ENTERTAINS!
'New India' Release
JHANKAR
with
CHANDRAMOHAN
Glorious 4th Week
NOVELTY
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p. m.

PROVINCIAL LOANS FULLY SUBSCRIBED

The Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, has issued the following press communique:—

"The Bombay loan was oversubscribed and closed at 10-15 a.m. (15 minutes after the opening). Subscriptions for this loan up to and including Rs. 5,000 will be allotted in full and applicants for amounts over Rs. 5,000 will receive allotment at 95 per cent subject to a minimum allotment of Rs. 5,000.

The Madras, Punjab and C. P. and Berar loans were fully subscribed after the transfer of options from the Bombay loan and a call on the Underwriters for the balance".

Mutual Helping Society's Activities

The following are the extracts from the 18th annual report (for 1941-42) of the Mutual Helping Society, Bombay:—

The Society was started in 1924 by Mr. D. V. Shidhaye and Gulabdas N. Mehta with the provision of medical and financial aid in dire necessity as its primary aim.

The Society has seriously taken up the problem of unemployment, inasmuch as this cancer of the modern society has by no means betrayed signs of subsiding in spite of the innumerable avenues of employment opened by the war. 62 applications were received this year for help to the unemployed, of which 35 were treated on merit. Employment was secured for 20 persons and Rs. 264-8 were spent in all on the subject. As regards medical relief nursing implements were given free to 300 persons and scores of helpless sick were removed to hospitals. A new Preliminary Medical Aid Centre was started at Worli this year.

The plight of poor students and destitute children has not escaped the Society's attention. Rs. 93-5-6 were spent this year to help 25 poor students. The Society took over the charge of six children and helped four poor couples to get married.

Municipal Employees' Conference

BOMBAY, Sept. 19.

With the object of establishing an All-India Federation of the Unions of workers in Municipalities and other local bodies, the Poona Municipal Workers' Unions have, with the co-operation of the Bombay Municipal Kamgar Sangh, decided to call a representative conference of all Municipal employees in British India and Indian States at Poona on October 24 and 25 next.

In an appeal issued under the joint signatures of the President of the Poona Union and the Bombay Municipal Kamgar Sangh officials, Mr. R. R. Bhole, M.L.A., Chairman of the Reception Committee of the proposed conference requests all the employees of the Municipalities and Local Bodies in India to send delegates to the Conference. Mr. Bhole stresses the need for organised efforts to improve the conditions specially of those serving in the Conservancy and Health Departments. This, he says, could only be secured by co-ordination between the various unions and organisations of workers.—United Press

Crissa Medical Degrees

CUTTACK, Sept 19.

The Governor of Orissa has authorised the Orissa Medical Examination Board to confer, grant or issue in British India degrees, diplomas, licenses, certificates or other documents stating or implying that the holder of any of such document is qualified to practice western medical science. The Board consists of seven members with Lieut.-Col. G Verghese, Director of Public Health, as ex-officio President.—United Press.

Persian Ambassador To Kabul

TEHERAN, September 19.

The late Persian Prime Minister, M. Soheily, is reported to be going to Kabul as Persian ambassador.

The United States of America have been asked to accept M. Firoughi, a member of the late Ministry, as Persian Minister at Washington.—United Press.

CONSUMPTION OF JUTE GOODS IN INDIA

The war has closed many overseas markets for jute goods while supply to these that are open has been restricted due to transport difficulties. The scarcity of jute goods in the U.S.A. and South American countries has, of late compelled them to devote greater attention to the search of substitutes. The question of extension of the home consumption of jute goods has under these circumstances assumed great importance. To explore the possibilities of the home market, the Indian Central Jute Committee has undertaken a study of the consumption of jute goods in India and has in this connection prepared a detailed questionnaire and circulated it to important firms and business associations in India, interested in jute goods. The investigation is expected to yield results of considerable interest.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—Pierre Brossolette, a Socialist Journalist who has just joined De Gaulle stated on Friday that he absolutely guaranteed the "bona fides" of Charles Vallin Croix De Feu, Vice-President and Deputy for Paris, who had escaped with him from France and added a pledge from Leon Blum himself that Vallin was not a Fascist but a French patriot.—Reuter.

CLERKS
FOR THE ROYAL INDIAN NAVY, THE INDIAN ARMY & THE INDIAN AIR FORCE
GOOD PAY
VALUABLE TRAINING

Fine opportunities occur in the Royal Indian Navy, the Indian Army and the Indian Air Force for clerks and storemen.
Minimum pay all grades Rs. 60 p.m. rising in certain cases to Rs. 300 p.m. plus free Food, Clothing and Accommodation. Generous expatriation allowance for overseas service.
Rapid promotion possible for efficient men with considerable increases in pay.

INITIAL TERMS OF SERVICE
Duration of War and up to 12 months thereafter subject to proviso that individual's services are so long required.
All candidates must be prepared to serve Overseas if required to do so.

QUALIFICATIONS
Age 17½ to 41 years - Physically fit.
Matriculates or men up to Matriculate standard.
Able to read English and write it legibly.
Previous office experience and ability to use a typewriter desirable.

APPLY TO THE NEAREST
TECHNICAL RECRUITING OFFICE

AHMEDABAD—Lal Darwaza, Mirzapur Road.
AMBALA CANTT.—31, Alexander Road, Near Butchery.
BANGALORE—Cornwallis Barracks, Trinity Road.
BELGAUM—Old Telegraph Office, Bungalow No. 39.
BEZWADA—Congress Office Road, Governorpet.
BOMBAY—Esplanade Maidan (North), Dhobi Talao, Bombay No. 1.
CALCUTTA—3, May Road, Hastings.
CAMPBELLPORE—Opposite Supply Depot.
COIMBATORE—Trichy Road.
DELHI—No. 1, Lothian Road, Kashmere Gate.
HYDERABAD—Bungalow No. 12, Near Bhai Band Club.
JHELUM—Jada Road.
JULLUNDUR CANTT.—1, Cantonment.
KARACHI SADDAR—10/1, Fowler Lines.
LAHORE—22, Davis Road.
LUDHIANA—Sheepshank Road.
LUCKNOW—Eastern Area, Hazratganj.
MADRAS—Pudupet Lines, Pudupet, Mount Road, P.O.
NARAYANGANJ—Tan Bazar Road.
NAGPUR—Assembly Rest House.
PATNA—Exhibition Road.
PESHAWAR CANTT. — Jamrud Road.
POONA—Staunton Road.
QUETTA—C/o The Administrative Commandant.
RAWALPINDI—125, Market Road.
SARGODHA—No. 2, Civil Lines.
SIALKOT—Krishna Lodge, Near Bhed Nala Bridge, Kachehry Road.
TRICHINOPOLY—Madura Road.
TRIVANDRUM—Railway Station Road.

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Dr. M. A. BUX

M.D.H.T.H. First class gold medalist, H.M.B.B.S. (America) who has acquired reputation all world-over by curing numberless hopeless patients of chronic diseases and has successful practice of about 40 years. He cures with cent per cent guarantee and with full responsibility, sexual weakness, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, wet dreams, Gonorrhoea, Syphilis and all similar venereal diseases of both sexes, and Piles within a week without operation. Numberless testimonials and gold medals received. Please see and convince yourself.
WORLD FAMOUS SWADESHI DISPENSARY
Manu Mansion, near Sandhurst Bridge Tram Terminus, Bombay 4. (open on Sundays too).
Time: 9 to 1 p.m. & 5 to 9 p.m.
Send 1 1/2 anna stamp for reply.

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Healthy Hair is the most treasured asset of all women. Luxuriant hair adds to natural beauty.

JABAKUSUM HAIR OIL grows lovely hair and ensures perfect hair health.

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It's a word we never use in this house; you see it's never needed, we use CASTOPHENE instead! CASTOPHENE is the ideal laxative for regular people—grown-ups and kiddies too—a real boon at an easy price.

IT TASTES NICER WON'T FORM A HABIT AND COSTS SO LITTLE

Castophene
CHOCOLATE LAXATIVE
CASTOPHENE MFG. CO.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Shud 12 1998
Muslim: Ramzan 9 1361
Parsi: Farvardin 17 1312
Sunrise: 7-29 a.m. Sunset: 7-34 p.m.
Hightide: 9-36, 21-44.
Lowtide: 2-32, 15-58.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

LAMINGTON—"Kunwara Bap" 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Rio Rita" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Pyas" 5, 7-30 and 10 p. m.
CAPITOL—"The Feminine Touch" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Reap the Wild Wind" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Suspicion" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
REGAL—"Week-End in Havana" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
NEW WEST-END—"Khan-Daan" 3, 6 and 9
KRISHNA—"State Guests" 3, 6-15 and 9-30
NOVELTY—"Jhankar" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
SWASTIK—"Roti" 3-45, 6-45 and 10 p. m.
CHITRA—"Sasural" 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
PARADISE—"Bitter Sweet" 4, 6-30 and 10
PRABHAT—"Dhandhora" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"South of Tahiti" 4, 6-30 and 10
AURORA—"A Yank in the R.A.F." 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Khazanchi" 4 p.m. only.
CENTRAL—"Phir Milenge" 1 and 4 p.m.
MINERVA—"Station Master" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Arman" 5, 7-30 and 10
CITY LIGHT—"Lagan" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.
KOHINOOR—"Navardev" 4-30, 7-15 and 10
IMPERIAL—"Ankh Michowli" 4, 7 and 10
ROXY—"Jhoola" 2-15, 5-45 and 9 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Basant" 2 and 5 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence

REQUIEM HIGH MASS

Mr. JOS A. PINTO, Contractor Ummerkhadi, informs Friends and Relatives that a Requiem High Mass will be held in St. Joseph Church Ummerkhadi on Tuesday 22nd at 7-30 for the soul of his Wife Magdalena.

R. I. P.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

There will be no meeting of the Corporation to-day (Monday).

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION:—Mr. R. E. Hawkins will lecture on 'The Making of Books' to-day (Monday) in the University, South Wing at 6-15 p.m. (N.S.T.)

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION:—A public lecture on "Influence of Law on Islamic Culture" will be given by Mr. A. A. Faizee, in the Anjuman-e-Islam Hall, Hornby Road, to-day (Monday) at 5-30 p.m. Hon. Mr. Justice Chagla will preside.

Y. M. H. A. GANESH UTSAV:—To-day (Monday), at 6-30 p.m. Bhajan and songs by the members of the Bombay Sindhi Association, in the hall of the Young Men's Hindu Association Vithalbhai Patel Road (Girgaum).

BYCULLA MUNICIPAL BY-ELECTION:—Mr. Murlidhar Bhagwirkar and Mr. Newashe have withdrawn their candidatures from the ensuing Municipal by-electoin of Ward No. 13, at the request of their friends and admirers in favour of Mr. Pupala. They request all their friends to work and vote solidly to Mr. Pupala.

HINDU DEEN DAYA SANGH, BOMBAY.—The following donations are received for maintaining Hindu Foundling Home, conducted by Hindu Deen Daya Sangh, Matunga, Bombay: Rs. 101 in memory of Manilaxmi, wife of Mr. Balwantrai M. Bhuta of Sehore. Rs. 51 in memory of Miss Shantaben Padamsi, from Mr. P. Morarji. Rs. 50 Seth Meghji Mathradas. Rs. 50 Seth Karsandas Madhavdas. Rs. 30 Premji Kara Charitable Trusts.

'GROW MORE FOOD' CAMPAIGN

Rural Development Board Plan To Assist Agriculturists

POONA, Sept. 18.

Several problems affecting the rural parts of Bombay province such as the progress of food production as a result of the "grow more food" campaign recently launched by the Government of Bombay, the supply of seed to cultivators as an encouragement to grow food crops, adequate warehouse facilities for the storage of agricultural produce and the use of vegetable oil to substitute kerosene were considered at the resumed meeting of the Provincial Rural Development Board this evening, Mr. H. F. Knight, Adviser to the Governor of Bombay presiding.—A. P.

In the course of the deliberations, Mr. W. J. Jenkins, Director of Agriculture, explained that if the present season continued to be favourable there would be an increase of about 30 per cent if food production followed by a corresponding reduction in area under short staple cotton as a result of the grow more food campaign of the Government. The Board considered a proposal about warehouse facilities to agriculturists by Government for the storage of agricultural produce and it was decided that the matter should be taken up by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies who would be provided with every assistance by the Government.

The meeting also considered the possibility of introducing a new household lamp burning on vegetable oil in rural areas thus offsetting the scarcity of kerosene.—A.P.

ALL QUIET IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The situation was quiet in the City on Sunday. The police however, kept a vigil particularly in the Kalbadevi and Girgaum areas.

Strike In Golden Tobacco Factory At Vile Parle

A correspondent writes:

Workers of the Golden Tobacco Company at Vile-Parle number 220 have gone on complete strike since the 15th as a result of the refusal of the owner to grant the demands of the workers, among others, Rs. 7-8-0 per month as dearness allowance.

Anti-Aircraft Firing Practice

Anti-aircraft firing practice will take place in Bombay between 10-30 a.m. and 12-30 p.m. and 2-30 p.m. and 4-30 p.m. on September 21. between 2-30 p.m. and 4-30 p.m. on September 22, 23, 24 and 25 and between 10-30 a.m. and 4-30 p.m. on September 26.

Juhu Municipality

The following resolution was passed by the special general meeting of the Juhu Municipality held on 30th August.

"The President informed the Board that Mr. K. C. Desai had tendered his resignation on 29-8-42 and moved that the meeting puts on record its deep appreciation of the services rendered by Mr. K. C. Desai during the tenure of his councillorship of Juhu municipality for about last four years. The Board has, indeed, lost a staunch and enthusiastic worker in Mr. Desai. The Board wishes him every joy in future and hopes he will continue his good services to the area though not a member of the Board. A copy of the resolution be forwarded to Mr. K. C. Desai for his information."

'B' WARD PRIMARY MUSLIM LEAGUE NO. 5: The annual general meeting of the 'B' Ward No. 5 Primary Muslim League was held on Tuesday, when Mr. Yousuf Moledina presided. After the annual report and accounts were read out and passed the results of election to the Committee and the District were announced as follows:

President: Yousuf Moledina; Jt. Secretary: A. A. Patel; General Secretary: Adam S. Maniar; Treasurer: Ahmed A. Maniar.

The following were elected as representatives to 'B' Ward District League:

Yousuf Moledina; A. A. Patel; Khan Saheb M. B. Sarang; K. P. Moideen Bawa; C. Alawi; Hakam D. Hashum; Adam S. Maniar; Khan Bahadur H. P. Ibrahim, J.P.; Kasamali Dawoodbhoy; Usman Nanji; Abdulkarim H. Sarang; Mohamedhusain G. Moledina.

"NEW OUTLOOK FOR HUMAN FAITH":—In connection with the celebration of the Mazdaznan All-India Gahanbar, Mother Gloria, Dastur Framroze Bode and others will speak on "New Outlook for Human Faith" to-day (Monday) at 6 p.m. at Mazdaznan Hall, Industrial Assurance Bldg., Opp. Churchgate St.

FIRST-AID COURSES—A first-aid course conducted by Dr. (Mrs.) A. Heape, will start from (Monday). It is open only to adults. Those wishing to attend should present themselves at the Board Room, B. B & C. I. Rly. Head Office, Churchgate at 9 a. m. The course will last two months and lectures will be delivered at 9 a.m. throughout. Practical classes will also be held. Another First-Aid Course, starting the same day, will be conducted at "Electric House," Fort, and lectures will be at 6.00 p.m. throughout. This Course also is open to the public.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION:—Owing to line disturbances, telegrams to Madras and adjacent areas are subject to serious delay

BALARGAL BAKTHAJANA SABHA:—Programme for Ganpati Utsav are as under:—

To-day (Monday) 9 p.m. B. B. Sabha Mr. Nanasaheb Lavate and Mr. Bauu Rao Kher; Imitations and Singing; Mr. Vishnupant, Kawalee and Tabla; Mr. Despande Harmonium; 22nd (Tuesday) 9 p.m. Mr. A. T. Narayanaswamy Pillai, Bhajan; 23rd (Wednesday) 4 p. m. Grand Procession, and flower decoration.

The Government of Madras, Home Department, has issued the following Press Communique, dated 16th September:

"There are no restrictions this year on the issue of pilgrim passes for Iraq or tre Hedjaz via Iraq. Pilgrims to the Hediaz via Iraq are howevtr advised, in view of the bad conditions of the Najaf-Medina Route which resulted in hardship to a number of Pilgrims last year, to follow some other route. Intending pilgrims are also warned that permission may be withdrawn at short notice.

CANBERRA: Horse racing will be banned throughout Australia one Saturday out of every four, it is announced. Dog racing will also be proportionately curtailed.

W. I. BADMINTON CHAMPIONSHIP

Tara Deodhar Wins Ladies' Singles: Rangnekar And Kanga Triumph In Men's Doubles

The Western India Badminton Championships Tournament came to a successful conclusion at the Bombay Gymkhana on Sunday evening. The stands were packed to overflowing by an enthusiastic crowd.

The Ladies' Singles Final raised the curtain for the day and the Deodhar sisters, Tara and Sundar, occupied the stage. Tara was at the top of her form and disposed of her younger sister conceding only 3 and 6 points in the two games played.

The Men's Doubles Final between Rangnekar and Kanga and Patwardhan and Mugwe turned out to be the best match of the tournament. Rangnekar was for the first time in his devastating form and smashed time and again with conspicuous success—so much so that he allowed his opponents only 5 points in the first game. Finding his partner, Mugwe, rather off colour, Patwardhan steadied down and managed to level up matters in the second game by clever placements and tactics. There was a keen struggle for supremacy in the final game but Rangnekar and Kanga emerged victorious eventually. It was a most deserving success.

The last match of the Tournament was in the Professionals' Singles Final. Ganpat Ramji playing a vastly superior game got the better of his rival, Sarjoo Prasad, in two straight games.

SCORES:—

LADIES' SINGLES FINAL: Miss Tara Deodhar beat Miss Sundar Deodhar 11—3, 11—6.

MEN'S DOUBLES FINAL: K. M. Rangnekar and R. N. Kanga beat G. D. Patwardhan and D. G. Mugwe 15—5, 14—17, 15—11.

PROFESSIONAL SINGLES FINAL: Ganpat Ramji beat Sarjoo Prasad 18—15, 15—8.

At the conclusion of the matches, Mr. M. D. Bhat, I.C.S., Municipal Commissioner, presided and Mrs. Bhat distributed the trophies and prizes to the winners and runners-up.

Sunday Cricket In City

Bombay Gymkhana scored 187 runs against B.B. and C.I. Railway cricket team's 168. The match was played on the Bombay Gymkhana ground on Sunday evening.

Parsi Gymkhana scored 110 runs against Esplanade Cricket Club 123 (2 wickets down) The match was played on the Sassani an's ground.

The Cricket Club of India scored 133 runs (for six wickets) against Tata Sports Club's 191 (for five wickets). The match was played at the ground of Brabourne Stadium.

DECCAN MERCHANTS' CO-OPERATIVE BANK

Silver Jubilee Tributes To Chairman And Mg. Director

The Silver Jubilee of the Deccan Merchants' Co-operative Bank Ltd., Bombay was celebrated at the Vanita Vishram Hall at Sandhurst Road on Saturday evening.

Sir Raghunathrao Pant Sachiv Raja Saheb of Bhor who presided over the function in the course of his speech said:

"All the financial activities of the bank are practically in the hands of the non-Maharastrians. The reason for this is not far to seek. The Maharastrians had devoted their energy and attention to education in which field they stand supreme. In this city, I am told that the Deccanis easily outnumber any other community but unfortunately what they have gained in number they have terribly lost in the monetary sphere. This deplorable phenomenon may even lead one to utter that business and the Maharashtrian stand at cross roads and are diametrically opposed to each other."

Continuing Raja Saheb said that "in the year of 1912 some Maharastrian enterprising young men started the Deccan Merchants' Association and the Bank which has seen this glorious day is the logical development of that parental body. The Bank came into being in the year of 1917 which was most critical year in the period of last War and one feels proud to see this institution attaining its present position among the co-operative Banks of this presidency.

Mr. L. B. Bhopatker who inaugurated the ceremony unveiled portrait of Dr. M. B. Velkar the chairman of the Bank.

Mr. Bhopatkar paid tributes to Dr. Velkar in the course of his speech.

Mr. S. R. Sardesai the Managing Director was presented a gold star by the Raja Saheb of Bhor.

Dr. M. B. Velkar Mr. S. R. Sardesai, and Mr. Y. K. Khadilkar also spoke on the occasion.

The guests were entertained at a tea party and the function terminated.

8 Arrested: 20,000 Posters Seized

As a result of a raid carried out at Manu Villa, Matunga, by the Mahim Police, 20,000 handbills pertaining to Congress activities were seized. Eight persons were put under arrest and taken to the police station.

AHMEDABAD: Leading Mahajans of Ahmedabad who have been conducting cheap grain shops have now formed a relief committee for relieving distress among the poor. The Committee has opened 16 shops in the city for selling 'khichdi' (mixture of rice and pulse) at one anna and six 'pies per lb.—A. P.

ON THE AIR

MONDAY, SEPT. 21.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Karim Khan. 5-15 Chandabai. 5-30 Vichitra Veena recital. 5-45 Maqsood Anwar. 6 Karim Khan. 6-15 Malika Pukhraj. 6-45 For villagers. 7-40 Ways and means. 7-55 Chandabai. 8-5 Between the lines—6. 8-20 Pahari Geets. 8-30 Vichitra Veena recital. 8-45 M. Siddiq. 8-55 Jawabi Hamla. 9-30 B B C News relay 9-40 Listening post. 9-45 Chandabai. 9-50 Karim Khan. 10-5 Malika Pukhraj. 10-20 Darbari on Vichitra Veena. 10-35 Chandabai

Bombay I—Programme.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Bhajans. 7-40 Flute recital. 7-50 News in Hindustani. 8 News in English 8-10 V. A. Kagalkar. 8-35 B. M. Devlankar. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati 9-10. Anwar Ali. 9-20 S. N. Chapekar. 12-30 p.m Devotional songs. 12-45 News in Hindustani. 12-50 News in Marathi. 12-55 News in Gujarati. 1 Instrumental music. 1-30 News in English. 1-40 Lunch-hour music. 4-20 School broadcasts. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Sulochanabai Mhapsekar. 5-30 M. P. Parulekar. 5-40 Anwar Ali. 5-55 Local news and announcements. 6 Nana Ani Mani. 6-30 News in English. 6-40 News in Hindustani. 6-45 News commentary. 6-50 D. Dani. 7 Dhol ni pol. 7-15 Anwar Ali 7-25 M Parulekar. 7-30 G. S. Yellapurkar 7-45 News in Marathi. 7-55 News in Gujarati 8-5 Air Bhajan Mandali 8-15 B. M. Devlankar. 8-30 Sports review. 8-45 Dot and Dash 9 News in Hindustani 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay 9-40 Listening post. 9-45 Air Bhajan Mandali. 10 B. M. Devlankar. 10-15 V. A. Kagalkar.

Bombay II—Programme

49.3 metres (6,085 kc/s)

7-30 to 7-50 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 7-50 Thumri Bhairavin. 8 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1 8-50 Sulochnabai Mhapsekar. 9-10 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

12-30 to 2-30 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

4-20 to 7-30 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 V. A. Kagalkar. 8-5 to 8-15 As in Bombay 1. 8-15 Interval.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

8-30 to 9 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 9 Air Orchestra. 9-10 Sulochnabai Mhapsekar. 9-30 Muriel Nadig 9-45 Bob Crosby's Bob Cats. 10 Teetotallers Dance Band.

All-India Weather Chart

POONA, Sept. 20.

Following is the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at eight hours on 16-9-42:—

Allahabad 91, 78, 0.1; BOMBAY 84, 76, 0.1; Calcutta 88, 80, 0.1; Cawnpore 90, 78, nil; Cuttack 90, 79, nil; Darjeeling 66, 56, 0.3; Delhi 93, 77, nil; Dehradhun 82, 72, 1.0; Jacobabad 101, 79, nil; Karachi 96, 79, nil; Lahore 100, 79, nil; Lucknow 92, 77, nil; Madras 98, 84, nil; Nagpur 89, 75, nil; Patna 82, 76, 1.2; Peshawar 99, 75, nil; Shillong 75, 62, 0.1, Simla 66, 57, 5.—A. P.

PRE-CENSORSHIP ORDER TO BE IN ABEYANCE

KARACHI, Sept. 19.

Although the Sind Government's pre-censorship order, requiring all material regarding the Congress Movement and disturbances to be submitted for scrutiny was to come into effect to-day, it is understood that it will remain in abeyance so far as Karachi is concerned, until an agreed scheme has been evolved.—A. P.

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The Bombay Chronicle

THE NEXT MOVE

The Central Assembly debate on the present situation gave Government an opportunity to retrieve, at least partially, their blunder in violently attacking the Congress. They could have made a good use of the opportunity by concentrating the attention of the whole House on constructive suggestions to end what is virtually an internal war and to divert the energies of the people into resisting the common enemy. But Government bungled again and threw away a precious opportunity. They added insult to injury by making baseless accusations against leaders who, being in prison, could not defend themselves. They did nothing by way of a constructive effort, as if they were more interested in other things than the united defence of India. They only reiterated the disingenuous plea that further reform was blocked solely by communal differences in India. And the Viceroy completes this tragedy of blunders by refusing to allow even others to try negotiations through Gandhiji. Why, the "Manchester Guardian" asks, if he himself refuses, other Indians should not be allowed to discover chances of agreement and take risks of failure themselves? What is this, if not a dog in the manger policy of not doing the right thing oneself and not allowing others either to do it?

No Bludgeoning Into

Co-operation

Government's attitude is now disgusting their best friends. A number of Bombay businessmen, including Sir Purshotamdas, Sir Rahimtoolah Chinoy, and Mr. M. R. A. Baig, Sheriff of Bombay, have issued a statement reminding Government that "people cannot be bludgeoned into co-operation" and that Mr. Churchill's speech was a "provocative" and "intemperate" utterance calculated to impair India's war effort. Mr. Arthur Moore is becoming more and more outspoken. He warns Britain to learn the lesson of Burma while there is yet time. Perhaps his unkindest cut is his observation that "Indian differences are the excuse but not the cause of Britain's refusal to transfer power" and that "our refusal has hitherto been absolute and would remain so even if all Indian differences were composed." He fully endorses the Indian view that what is required first and foremost is that the British Government should declare that it is willing to transfer to a National Government in India the same powers as the Canadian and the Australian Governments enjoy and then invite Mr. Jinnah to form such a Government. This reference to Mr. Jinnah is obviously in view of the statements made by Gandhiji and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad that Congress would not mind if the Muslim League formed the Government provided India got full freedom. Mr. H. E. B. Catley, Editor of the "Pioneer", strongly supports Mr. Moore's suggestion and asks him to sound Mr. Jinnah's attitude.

Mr. Jinnah's Opportunity

For the reason, among others, that Congress leaders are not available to take the initiative about negotiations representations will be made to Mr. Jinnah in this behalf from various quarters. No single individual has had a greater opportunity presented before him of serving his country as well as his community, as Mr. Jinnah has before him. But, unfortunately, either he does not seem to realize the existence of this opportunity or is deliberately missing it. So far he has taken up a purely negative and uncertain attitude. He seems to be content with partial, passive non-co-operation with Government if the present constitutional position is to be continued. But if it is to be altered his attitude will vary with the changing position. The latest clarification of such an uncertain and unhelpful attitude is to be found in the remarks of the League's representative in the Assembly, Nawabzada Liaqat Ali, in the course of the last week's debate. He said: "We are prepared to form a provisional Government in co-operation with any party in this country for the purposes of prosecuting the war successfully and defending our hearth and home, provided we are given a guarantee by every party and by the British Government that the hundred millions of Mussalmans will have, not the right of self-expression, as Mr. Churchill said, but the right of self-determination, the right to determine their own destiny and establish a completely independent State in areas where they are a majority." The substance of the right of self-determination has already been conceded by Congress to the satisfaction of many Muslim leaders. Mr. Arthur Moore, too, believes that "the Congress has learnt its lesson and is willing to let the Muslims have the guarantees they ask for, by letting the Muslim League form the National Government and giving the League its full co-operation." Detailed constitutional discussions between the Indian parties can be fruitful only, as Mr. Moore now admits, if Britain first makes a declaration conceding to India all the powers that a Dominion Government enjoys. The next move, therefore, must come from Britain.

Japs And S.-W. Pacific

Last week's attempt by Japan to recapture Guadalcanar has failed. The American marines have not been able to destroy the landing force, but the latter, too, was defeated in its objective. And in the meantime it is good news to learn that the Marines have received further reinforcements and supplies. This may well mean that unless the Japanese do something quickly, their forces isolated in the Guadalcanar area will be threatened with extermination. But perhaps the Japanese are planning to do something. A naval squadron including battleships is reported to have been "intercepted" by American Flying Fortresses north-west of Tulagi and to have turned back with probable damage to two battleships. The Japs may come again, but it can be safely presumed that Admiral Nimitz and Amdiral Ghormley are ready for them.

Nor does the situation appear to be grave in New Guinea. The Japs remain held up thirty-two miles north of Port Moresby, while the main Allied force, with which they have yet to come into contact, has just been reported to have been considerably reinforced. Moreover, General MacArthur's air force has been working havoc with their supplies and communications, destroying dumps on land and the whole fleet of barges at Buna, so vital for bringing and landing supplies and reinforcements. Loss of so much of their supplies and the means of receiving must make the position unfavourable to the Japanese.

Anti-Gandhi Campaign

There seems to be a regular propaganda in Britain to discredit Mahatma Gandhi in the eyes of the world. Not to go farther back Sir Stafford Cripps came out with the silly story that, while the Congress Working Committee had first accepted his scheme, Gandhiji intervened and ruined it. When Mr. Rajagopalachari showed the absurdity of the story, Lord Erskine, ex-Governor of Madras, started another canard that the Congress Legislative Party in Madras was anxious to accept office and was actually negotiating with him, when Gandhiji, "fearing that the negotiations might succeed, hurried to South India for the express purpose of preventing any agreement being reached and unfortunately he gained his object." Now, there is nothing wrong or unusual in Gandhiji seeking to prevent illegitimate compromise with Government, but the point here is, as Mr. Rajagopalachari points out, that the whole story is groundless and fantastic. He adds: "Chivalry at least should have prevented the circulation of these accusations against one who is kept as a close prisoner, unable to contradict the allegations." Far too often is it urged that all is fair in love and war. Yet not many are capable of keeping a story like this secret all these years and publishing it—of course with a purpose—when the man accused is jailed and effectively gagged.

Now comes Mr. J. Coatman, a former official of the Government of India, with stories about Gandhiji's upsetting several official apple-carts. As the writer for several years of the official annual reports on India, Mr. Coatman excelled in the art of misrepresentation and his latest half-truths and untruths will surprise none. Their authenticity need not be considered here at all. Even if it is true that time and again Gandhiji stepped in and prevented the Congress and the country from walking into the official parlour, they will be eternally grateful to him for these, among other beneficent services to them. All these stories are probably meant for American consumption, though one cannot understand what precisely is to be gained thereby. Is it suggested that India might have by now received from Britain the boon of freedom but for her evil genius, Gandhiji? If so, none will be deceived who knows anything of the history of British imperialism. And the Americans know something of that history. The campaign is as futile as it is discreditable.

Frankly Speaking

A Thought For The Day

"The march of freedom for the past 150 years has been a long-drawn-out peoples' revolution. We know this revolution cannot stop until freedom for want has actually been attained. The century that will come out of this war must be a century of the common man. The methods of the 19th century will not work in the peoples' century now about to begin. India, China, and Latin America have a tremendous stake in the peoples' century."—Vice-President Wallace, U.S.A. in a recent speech.

Timely Counter-Offensive

Thrown twice out of the north western suburbs of Stalingrad, the Nazis have during the last two or three days returned again and again to the attack. And they have succeeded in establishing themselves in a few streets. But, in spite of their throwing themselves into the continuous fury of the battle tanks, infantry, paratroops and masses of aircraft, the fight is not going all in their favour. They have not broken through Russian defences or broken down resistance. The fact that they have been progressing at the rate of a few streets—and those in the outskirts of just one sector—every two or three days is a credit to the Russians rather than to the Germans. Meanwhile, Marshal Timoshenko is reported to have launched a heavy counter-offensive north of Stalingrad. The Germans themselves testify to the weight of this attack which has led to the hope that if it increases in force the battle of Stalingrad may last sometime. Should Timoshenko manage to hold Stalingrad for even ten days, Herr Hitler would have received a big blow to his plans.

Truce Rejected

The Governor-General of Madagascar, Mr. Annet having rejected British terms, the fighting or rather the progress of General Platt's columns is continuing. By Saturday night one of his spearheads was reported to be within sixty miles of the capital, Antananarivo. Opposition has been conspicuously feeble—indeed, the French are offering no more than token resistance. It may be assumed that British occupation of the Island will be virtually completed in a week. But why, openly declaring the impossibility of opposing the British "aggression" and knowing British "intentions", proclaimed both at London and Washington, did the Vichy French authorities ask for a truce and on receiving the expected terms reject them? Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent suggests that the rejection was inspired by M. Laval with a view to "currying favour with the Germans." It may be so. But is M. Laval sufficiently a French patriot to close the chapter with the eventual conclusion of the present resistance in Madagascar? It may also be that M. Annet has deliberately resumed token resistance with a view to surrendering without putting himself in the wrong with Vichy. But, in either case, it cannot yet be assumed that M. Laval will not use the Madagascar "aggression" to justify some "collaborative" action in favour of the Nazis elsewhere.

Cheated By Noughts

Under the law or rather what passes by the name of law, the Bombay Police were entitled to visit the offices of Messrs. Bachraj and company in search of Congress funds. After all, if the A.I.C.C. has been "outlawed", it is at least logical that its funds should also be frozen if not, indeed, forfeited. But why should these police officers have been so unfair as to expose themselves to the objection—trivial in India no doubt—of investigating private accounts of Congress leaders without written authority? They could easily have included in the warrant, moneys, securities and credits standing in the name of Jawaharlal or any X, Y, Z, who struck their fancy. The "law" is entirely and unreservedly at their disposal. That apart, the interesting point according to Mr. Kamlanayan Bajaj is this: The worthy and alert watch dogs of India's security scented revolutionary danger to the country in a draft openly sent from America and openly received here. That draft, to the tune of one hundred thousand dollars, was meant to finance "rebellion." They, therefore, promptly tracked it down. It turned out, however, to be worth only one thousand dollars—1000.00, where the last two noughts represent cents—sent to Jawaharlal as payment for his writings. It is certainly disappointing that a couple of mere noughts should have cheated two eminent Deputy Commissioners of the Bombay Police of a historic achievement. But would it be too much to beg the Government of Bombay to teach its high officials some elementary facts about American currency and its numerical representation? It is particularly necessary now.

Mahasabha Leaders To Meet Jinnah Again

RAJA MAHESHWAR DAYAL OPTIMISTIC ABOUT PRESENTING UNITED DEMAND TO BRITAIN

BOMBAY, September 20.

"The Sub-Committee of the Hindu Mahasabha which has been exploring the possibilities of bringing about a rapprochement among the various parties in order to end the deadlock in the country, will continue its task irrespective of the setback it received by the Government of India's refusal to grant the Committee permission to see the Congress leaders in Prison," said Rajah Maheshwar Dayal Seth, General Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, in an interview to-day.

He said that since his arrival in Bombay he had long discussions with Mr. Savarkar, President of the Mahasabha, and had fully posted him with the progress of the Sub-Committee's efforts and the interview which Dr. Shyamaprasad Mukerjee had with Mr. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League.

OPTIMISTIC OUTLOOK

Despite Mr. Churchill's statement on India and the Government of India's refusal to give permission to the Sub-Committee to see Mahatma Gandhi, Raja Maheshwar Dayal said that there remained reasonable ground to hope that a united demand on the part of the various political parties could be presented to the British Government.

"No doubt to start with the Congress may not be a party to the joint representation sought to be presented to the British Government," said Raja Maheshwar Dayal adding: "It should not at the same time be lost sight of that the demand of the Congress for the establishment of a National Government in India, charged with the task of fighting the Axis menace, is the substantial demand of all the other recognised parties in India." He emphasised that the crux of the Indian problem was how far and to what extent the British Government was prepared to part with power. On that score the Muslim League President, Mr. Jinnah, was one with the rest of the parties in India.

The talks which the Mahasabha leaders had with Mr. Jinnah would be persued further.

FOR UNITED DEMAND

The object of the Mahasabha was to impress on the various elements the necessity of agreeing to a joint demand. It could be taken for granted that the Congress, wherever it was, would lend its fullest support and backing to any move calculated for the transference of power from Britain to India. He was disinclined to speculate as to what the signatories who had the backing of large followers would do after presenting the joint demand to Britain. But, he added, a united demand would produce a different atmosphere in the country which the British Government could not easily afford to ignore.

Raja Maheshwar Dayal Seth is leaving for Indore tomorrow to see Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru. During his stay in Bombay he had talks with prominent non-officials and businessmen.—A. P.

Our Readers' Views

Court Hours

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—You have in your column "Frankly Speaking" referred only to 'Banking Hours' as the most inconvenient. What about Court Hours which are also quite early? They are from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. (New standard time) which according to the old time will be from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. One has, therefore, to attend office at 9 a.m. or latest by 9.30 a.m. old time, to attend to clients in the office and Court in time, in the morning. It may be alright to judges, who will have more hours in the evening and, therefore, more leisure in the evening as they retire one hour early—to attend to clubs and other social amenities of life in the evening or go for drives and walks. But poor Advocates have to stick to their office in the evening and work till late hours in the evening and in the morning start work an hour earlier and leave office one hour late. It is specially troublesome and inconvenient for those, who come after taking their meals in the morning or reside far away from Courts, say in the suburbs or have to attend Police Courts situate far away from their offices and residences.

As you say, Sir, that the object of this new devise of advancing clock by one hour earlier is to save 'day light' and specially in those trades and industries which have to work till a late hour in the evening. This is not applicable to Courts.

I therefore hope you will voice my feelings and the feelings of other Advocates in this behalf in your columns. The Court time should be from 12 a.m. to 5 p.m. (New Time).

Thanking you.—Yours, etc.

NARAINDAS KHIARAM,
Advocate.

Mr. Churchill's Speech

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Only those who do not know Britain can be disappointed with Mr. Churchill's statement on India in the Commons. Will those who have caused disruption and disunity in the country by their acts of self-aggrandisement and personal lust of power and leadership and have succeeded in sabotaging the freedom of India hang their heads in shame now and become wiser? Could Churchill have dared to make the statement that he has made if India was united?

Let us, I would say, not get angry at England; but let us get furious at those who have brought our country to such a humiliating pass and let us all make a heroic effort here and now to undo the wrong by uniting ourselves into one solid front—a nation of Indians only,—the only apt reply to Churchill.

I have always refrained from saying anything to England, as I have never believed in England making a gift of Independence, but I feel inclined at this moment to quote a remark of the late lamented Sir Ebrahim Rahimtullah, which he made to me in 1926 when the Simon Commission was in India. He said, "England will surely loose this country one day, by the way she is handling her political problems, as she lost America and then she will be sorry."

Will Great Britain allow this prophecy to come true? I wonder!—Yours, etc.,

NAWABZADA MURTAZA ALIKHAN.

B. B. And C. I. Trains

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Whilst we fully appreciate the difficulties of the railway companies regarding the shortage of coal; they in turn should so curtail the train service, as to cause the minimum of inconvenience to the travelling public. As a case in point, the B. B. and C. I. Railway have cancelled three day trains, (Kathiawad Express, Ahmedabad afternoon passenger and the Flying Rance) against one night train (the Delhi Express)! So, at present, there is but one morning passenger train for Gujarat, against three at night! It is inconceivable, why one of them, say the Gujarat Mail, cannot be discontinued, and the Kathiawad Express may be renewed, as before for morning service? I appeal to Mr. Aidous to effect that change.—Yours, etc.,

B. F. BHARUCHA.

Govt. Grain Shops

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—From the photographs, which have appeared in so many papers, of the long rows of customers in front of the Government Grain Shops it can become clear to all how troublesome it is to wait for hours together in the hope of getting two pounds of sugar. There are more than 100 shops now in the various parts of the city. So one can realise that thousands of persons are daily harrassed for the sake of sugar. I, therefore, suggest that Government should provide small paper bags to all these shops and the salesmen should, in their leisure hours or during business hours, weigh correctly two pounds of sugar and wrap up the same in paper bags for ready sale, instead of weighing sugar each time a customer demand. In this way huge crowds will melt away to the satisfaction of the salesmen and the customers themselves. Further, sugar should be sold at particular hours and not throughout the day as is the case just now.—Yours, etc.,

A CITIZEN.

QUISLING GOVT. MAY COLLAPSE

Trade Unionists Challenge Decree For Compulsory Membership

LONDON, Sept. 20.

Norwegian patriots have defeated Hitler's attempt to Nazify their country, says the Norwegian "Telegraph Agency."

By united action, workers and employers have won a victory which may even lead to the collapse of the Quisling Government. Quisling has had to abandon his plan for a "corporative" parliament—which would have concluded peace with Germany and mobilised Norwegian youth to fight against Norway's allies.

Quisling has published a decree enforcing compulsory membership of industrial trade unions and professional organisations. This challenge was accepted by the leaders of 305,000 trade unionists and employers who asked their members to resign "en masse." Tens of thousands of resignations poured in until the Nazi organisations became mere empty shells.

The strength of the opposition appears to have opened Hitler's eyes to the failure of his puppets. He has now so little use for them that he proposes to mobilise them to fight on the Eastern front.

It is estimated that at least half of the Nazional Samling (Norwegian Nazi party) will be effected by the new Conscription Decree which has caused widespread dissatisfaction among them. The Patriots' resistance has thus widened the breach between the Germans and the Quislingites while sharpening the internal conflict amongst the members of Quisling's party.—Reuter.

Turkish Journalists' Tribute To Reuter's

LONDON, September 17.

Turkish journalists were guests at a luncheon at Reuter's on Wednesday. They were very favourably impressed by the magnificent new building in the Fleet Street which houses various services of the oldest world agency. The Joint General Manager William Moloney in a speech of welcome referred to the liberalism and perspicacity of the Turkish press, which were greatly admired in this country.

He said that Reuter's would attain its century in nine years and although it had undergone some changes in its organisation, it had always aimed at two ideals namely speed and accuracy.

He referred to the fact that Turkish press was familiar with Reuter Service which was transmitted to it through the intermediary of Agence Anolie.

Mr. Yakchin in his reply for the visitors said that although this was their first visit to Reuter's they felt themselves on familiar ground as Reuters was a household word for its news services. Indeed they were almost as indispensable as daily bread and he could testify that they practised those aims they professed of accuracy and speed.

They had thus contributed to helping the Turkish nation in forming its judgment of current events.—Reuter.

CATLEY STANDS BY MOORE

"Pioneer's" Attitude And Plea For "Real War Govt." In India

LUCKNOW, September 20.

The editor of the 'Pioneer' (Mr. H. E. B. Catley) today addressed the following letter to Mr. Arthur Moore, editor of the 'Statesman,' (on leave preparatory to retirement):

My Dear Moore,

I have read your statement issued from Calcutta yesterday with the greatest interest. You are doing an immeasureable service to India, and the cause of the United Nations by pressing for political changes that will draw the various Indian political parties together and enlist their co-operation in the furtherance of the war-effort. This is the line which the 'Pioneer' has taken, or tried to take, for a considerable time. It has urged the grant of the maximum of political freedom for India consistent with the establishment of communal amity and the prosecution of the war—with major constitutional issues to be decided on the return of peace. Your statement shows that these conditions will be fulfilled if the British Government's offer to transfer to a "real war Government, with the people at its back—the same powers as the Canadian and Australian Governments enjoy and then invite Mr. Jinnah to form such a Government."

I offer you the full support of the "Pioneer" in pressing Government to make such an offer, but, as you say, time is short, and so I ask what else can be done at the same time, in case Government's reactions are unfavourable or their response dilatory? I thought at first of wiring to Mr. Jinnah asking if he was prepared to proceed on the lines suggested by you—in anticipation of Government's approval or in defiance of their dissent—but I feel that the request would be more appropriately made by yourself. What do you say?

My address for the next few days will be C/o the A.I.N.E.C., Bombay.

I am releasing a copy of this letter to the 'A. P.' and hope you will endorse my action.

Yours Sincerely,
(Sd.) H. E. B. CATLEY.

EXPLORE WAYS TO END DEADLOCK

Burdwan Maharaja Criticises Churchill's Statement

CALCUTTA, September 20.

A conference of all recognised parties with a view to exploring possible avenues of ending the present political deadlock, has been suggested by the British Indian Association at a meeting held under the Presidentship of the Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan.

The resolution, which was adopted on the motion of Sir B. P. Singh Roy, also lamented the decision of the Congress to launch a Mass Civil Disobedience movement in the face of the imminent danger of invasion, deplored the outbursts of violence that followed it and expressed the opinion that the movement of violence seeking to hamper the country's defence should be checked in the interest of India and her Allies and that the atmosphere of goodwill and trust, necessary for the pursuit of war efforts, should be brought about by the introduction of a policy of conciliation along with preventive and punitive measures. The transfer of political power to Indian hands through constitutional understandings would be helpful for the termination of the present unfortunate situation prevailing in the country.

With reference to collective fines on inhabitants of specified areas which the Association characterised as a step dictated by administrative necessity, it urged that the Provincial Government should exempt classes and individuals inhabiting particular areas who were found to have no complicity in the movement.

The Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan said that Mr. Churchill's last speech on India had not improved the situation at all. He thought that they could reasonably expect to see a modification of his statement when he next spoke on India. The situation on the whole in the different Provinces was not very reassuring in spite of the British Premier's assurance.—A. P.

U. S. Campaign To Raise Nickel Silver

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.

Mrs. Roosevelt gave 132 keys from the White House to-day to a campaign which aims to raise a hundred million keys throughout the United States.

This was the largest single contribution yet in the drive to raise nickel silver which is urgently needed for the United States Navy.

The campaign was launched from the steps of the White House.—Reuter.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

KARACHI, Sept. 19.

In order to end the present picketing deadlock in Sind colleges, some of the staff, including Principal S. D. Thadani, have decided to go on hunger strike from Monday September 21 until the students call off their movement and return to normal work.

—A. P. I.

* * *

The King, Reuter reports, had, last week, "a long frank talk on the present situation in India" with the Jam Sahib and Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar.

India's representatives, we trust, told His Majesty frankly and at length that every thing was for the best in this best of all possible worlds of India.

* * *

Mr. John Coatman has now reinforced Sir Stafford Cripps and Lord Erskine with personal knowledge of Mahatma Gandhi's dictatorial methods and ambition. For, says Mr. Coatman, "many of the leading members of the party spoke to me with great indignation of his high-handed action."

You would naturally feel tempted to describe Mr. Coatman and his "revelation" in appropriate language. After all, John Coatman police man, could not become "a leading official of the Government of India," to wit, its office propagandist without being well, what he is.

* * *

Pleading for the formation of a National Government with full powers, Mr. Arthur Moore says: "In the present circumstances Mr. Jinnah will succeed if he is allowed to try."

Yes, if he is allowed both by the Government and himself.

* * *

The A. P. I. learns that Mr. Wendell Willkie will not visit India in the course of his present tour.

Quite right. The present is not the right time; and we are glad Washington has responded to its urgent call.

* * *

At Reuter's Luncheon to Turkish journalists in London, their General Manager declared that the organisation had "always aimed at two ideals, namely, speed and accuracy."

Except occasionally when speed and accuracy get—er—rather mixed up.

* * *

Sir James Grigg has announced to the world that the new British tanks now coming into production are "miles better than anything provided before....."

They are, of course, still miles away from the fronts.

* * *

A Japanese Government spokesman has warned his people not to expect an immediate improvement in their position as a result of recent Japanese conquests.

But later it may become too late to expect anything.

* * *

"I want a nice book for an invalid", said the lady to the librarian.

"Yes, madam," replied the librarian, "what kind of a book—something religious?"

"Er—no—not—now. He's convalescent."

"A Scene In Wilson College"

With reference to the letter of Mr. L. Wycliffe which appeared in our issue of Saturday 19th instant we learn that certain statements contained in the letter are false. We are informed that no students were handed over to the police by any member of the College staff.

FINNS DON'T DO IT FOR NAZI FOOD

WASHINGTON, September 20.

Reports that people of Finland will starve this winter or that riots have broken out were denied last night by the Finnish Minister in Washington M. Procope although he admitted that food supplies were short.

He disclosed that during the past year Germany had sent over 100,000 tons of grain to Finland but indicated that this had not made up the grain deficit caused by the fact that thousands of Finnish farmers are in the army. With the help of further German shipments, he said, the people would be able to avoid disastrous food shortage.

M. Procope denied that the Finnish Government were only continuing co-operation with Berlin because the Germans were sending food to Finland.—Reuter.

Americans Will Shiver This Winter

WASHINGTON, September 20.

Americans may have shivers this winter when fuel oil rationing comes into operation. It seems likely at the moment that supplies will be at least 25 per cent below normal. This means that an average home must get along with temperatures ranging from 66 to 68 degrees compared with the normal of 70 to 74.—Reuter.

Over Three Lakhs Collective Fines In Bihar

Armed Mob Clashes With Police: Attacks On Jamalpur Police And Railway Stations

PATNA, September 20.

Collective fines amounting to Rs. 3,83,000 have been imposed in Darbhanga district (North Bihar) according to a Bihar Gazette Extraordinary which specifies the amounts against various areas and villages.

These include: DALSINGHARAI area Rs. 50,000; ROSERA Municipal area Rs. 40,000; and MADHUBANI municipal area Rs. 50,000.

A collective fine of Rs. 25,000 has been imposed in TEGRA jurisdiction in Monghyr district. Collective fine of Rs. 10,000 has been imposed in MANER area in Patna district and of Rs. 1,000 in ISLAMPUR area in Patna district.

These fines are sequel to the recent disturbances and a commission of offences prejudicially affecting public safety, order and supplies etc.

COLLECTIVE FINE IF ROAD BARRIERS ARE TAMPERED WITH.

A notice issued by the Sub Divisional Officers of Patna Sadar and Patna city states: "With effect from September 22 military guards will be withdrawn from the five road barriers (which had been placed during the disturbances as a preventive measure). The notice specifies the Mohallas and streets and warns the people living therein that they will be held responsible jointly for the maintenance of barriers and of proper order and for this purpose they are advised to organise watch parties.

The notice adds that if any barrier is damaged or tampered in any way, a heavy collective fine will be immediately imposed on the people of the Mohalla or streets concerned. The Mohallas and streets specified in the notice include some of the busiest and most thickly populated parts of the city.—A. P.

ARRESTED AT PATNA

PATNA, September 16.

Mr. Krishna Mohan Varma, the Joint Editor of the "Yogi" a Hindi weekly of Patna, has been arrested under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

ARMED MOB & POLICE EXCHANGE SHOTS

PATNA, Sept. 19.

A mob of 200, armed with muzzle-loading guns yesterday attacked an Inspector of Police and 17 armed constables in village Bhalanikalan, in Chand area, Bhabua Sub-division, says a Bihar Government press note. The mob fired its guns, and the fire was returned. Six persons were injured and four arrested.

The press note adds: On the 12th instant, two students of the Benares Hindu University and one of Patna College were arrested at Chainpur, in Bhabua Sub-division, while damaging a police station. Chaukidars and villagers resisted and arrested the miscreants. The persons responsible for the arrest have been suitably rewarded.

BHAGALPUR: Attendance in schools and colleges in Bhagalpur town is improving, many of them having returned to normal. The Collective fine on a village in Sultanganj thana has been realised in full. The Agricultural Institute at Sabour has resumed work. On the ninth, a large mob, led by an employee of the sugar factory, burnt the Amarpur police station. On the same day, the dak bungalow at Norganj was also burnt and a bridge on the Amarpur-Barka Road damaged.

MUZZAFARPUR: On the 11th a crowd proceeding towards Lalganj police station was stopped by the police. Sixteen of the leaders were arrested. They were tried by the special Magistrate on the 13th and sentenced to three years' R. I. each.

DARBHANGA: As a result of dislocation of communications, there is shortage of rice in Samastipur and of kerosene oil in Darbhanga. The local authorities have arranged to get a further supply. A collective fine of Rs. 40,000 was realised on the 16th in Samastipur sub-division. On the same day, a public meeting was held in Samastipur town. The residents promised to support the authorities to suppress lawlessness.

SANTAL PARGANNAS: Troops proceeding towards Sarath from Deogarh found the road breached and culverts damaged. Although the wanted persons could not be found, property looted from the police station was recovered.

RAILWAYS: Tampering with railway lines has been reported from Singhbhum, Dhanbad and Santal Parganas.

Giving further details of the incident at Lashari, in Sahar police station, on the 15th instant, the note says:

The action was taken by combined force of the police and troops under the Magistrate. The mob came with drums beating and made a determined attempt to attack the police and troops. As a result of firing, nine persons were killed and six wounded. They were arrested. The mob was led by a chaukidar, who is one of those killed.—A. P.

ARRESTS AND HARTAL IN GAIBANDHA

GAIBANDHA (Bengal), Sept. 17.

A leading pleader of Gaibandha was arrested under Section 129 of the Defence of India Act.

The Chairman of the Gaibandha Municipality was arrested under Section 56 of the Defence of India, Rules.

Thirty-three Students Struck Off Rolls

CUTTACK, Sept. 17.

According to a notification issued by the principal of Ravenshaw College, the institution will close from to-morrow till October 19 for Durga Puja. The Law Classes will however, continue till September 28.

The notification adds that there is no likelihood of the hostels being opened after the vacation.

STRUCK OFF ROLLS

Thirty-three students taking part in strike have been struck off the rolls and scholarship-holders have been asked to show cause why their scholarships should not be withdrawn for not attending classes.

Twelve students were arrested near Ravenshaw College to-day, it is alleged in connection with the molestation of a plain-clothes constable.

The students of the College, who were arrested a few days ago, were let off yesterday on giving an undertaking that they would not take part in politics.—A. P.

Attack On Railway And Police Stations

BURDWAN, Sept. 20.

Information has been received that demonstrators yesterday attacked the Jamalpur police station, the railway station at Jamalpur and an excise shop, in addition to the post office.

The demonstrators are reported to have burnt the records of the police station and robbed cash from the railway station and the excise shop.

The Additional District Magistrate with the Deputy Superintendent of Police proceeded to the locality yesterday with an armed force. The Sub-Divisional Magistrate has gone there this morning.—A. P.

CONGRESSMAN JAILED

BURDWAN (Bengal), Sept. 17.

Shiva Kumar Mitra, a Congressman, was sentenced to undergo rigorous imprisonment for six months under the Defence of India Rules and Aloke Kumar Sarkar, another Congressman, to one year's rigorous imprisonment under the same Rules.—United Press.

Explosion Near Karachi Police Station

KARACHI, Sept. 20.

It is believed that the explosion which occurred in front of the city police station to-night was due to a big cracker. Police officers soon arrived on the spot and collected pieces of glass, chemical and charred rags. No arrests have been made hitherto.—A. P.

Ex-Parliamentary Secretary "Wanted"

BELGAUM, Sept. 20.

About 20 Belgaum pleaders have come forward to give legal aid to persons affected by the present disturbances. In a statement issued they express their intention to form a legal aid committee for which provisional arrangements have been made.

The District Magistrate has issued notices on Mr. M. P. Patil, M.L.A., ex-Parliamentary Secretary, Bombay, and 13 other Congress workers in the district, asking them to appear before the District Superintendent of Police, Belgaum. The notices mention the warrants for detention issued against them in the month of August.—United Press.

MYSORE STATE AND RADIO OWNERS

BANGALORE, Sept. 17.

The Mysore Government have notified that Radio-owners, who come from outside into Mysore State, have to take out fresh radio licence within 14 days of their entry into the State, failing which a surcharge of Rs. 20/- will be imposed. British Indian licence held by such persons are not valid in the State, though valid in the civil and military station of Bangalore.—A. P.

Kolaba M.L.A. "Wanted"

ALIBAG, Sept. 20.

About 50 persons have been either detained or convicted under the Defence of India Rules, in the Kolaba District, since the beginning of the present disturbances.

The District Magistrate of Kolaba has issued a notice on Mr. D. K. Kunte, M.L.A., asking him to appear before the Magistrate of his locality, before October 8, as a detention warrant under Rule 26 of the Defence of India Rules is pending against him. It is stated in the notice that a failure to do so will make him liable to imprisonment for a term extending to seven years, with or without fine.

A similar notice has been issued on Mr. V. L. Kotwal of Lonavla, —United Press.

NINE CONVICTED

RATNAGIRI, Sept. 20.

Nine persons have been convicted and sentenced to five months' rigorous imprisonment each and to pay fines ranging from Rs. 25 to Rs. 50 for various offences connected with the present disturbances.—United Press.

MR. S. K. PATHAK ARRESTED

JALGAON, Sept. 17.

Mr. S. K. Pathak, a Municipal Councillor was arrested and detained under the Defence of India Rules.

Since Tuesday most of the educational institutions have been picketed, and are working with depleted strength. A few arrests by the police have been reported.—A. P.

Seven Processionists Arrested

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, September 19.

Seven processionists were put under arrest and the rest dispersed.

Lavanprasad Shah, who has been charged with breach of Deportation Order for entering Agency limits without permission is being tried today in Agency Jail.

Thirty-six Arrested And Released

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 18.

Thirty-six persons have been taken in custody in connection with last night's explosion near Ellis Bridge.

Further details of the explosion indicate that two bundles containing gunpowder had exploded on the spot and one such bundle which had failed to explode was recovered by the police near the scene of explosion.

The 36 persons arrested in connection with last night's explosion have been released.—A. P.

More 'Notices' Against Congressmen

SATARA, Sept. 20.

Notices have been issued on Messrs. S. G. Shende, and G. K. Patil, Congress workers from Koregoan and Valva talukas, to appear before the Magistrates of their places on October 8 and 10 respectively, as warrants issued under Rule 129 of the Defence of India Rules are pending against them.

The District Magistrate has prohibited the annual 'Rath' celebrations at Tasgaon in connection with Ganapati festivals.—United Press.

BANKURA ARRESTS

BANKURA, Sept. 17.

A number of persons including Kamal Krishna Ray, Member of Legislative Assembly and also of All-India Congress Committee, and Dhirendra Nath Ghose, a practising pleader of the local bar have been arrested under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

Collective Fines In C. P.

NAGPUR, Sept. 18.

The Penalties (Enhancement) Third Amendment Ordinance has been applied to all partially excluded areas in the C. P. and Berar.

Dhotardi and Dongergaon villages in Akola District have been fined Rs. 600 and Rs. 200 respectively and Kaudia Bhohani and Sihora villages in Hoshangabad District have been fined Rs. 500 each, while Harrai village in the same district has been fined Rs. 300 under the Collective Fines Ordinance.

In all cases Muslims are excluded from payment of the fines if the District Magistrates concerned are satisfied that they have taken no part in the disturbances.—A. P.

In U. S.

2,000 STRIKES PREVENTED

Echo Of Jap Attack On Pearl Harbour

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.

Since the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbour, 2,000 strikes have been prevented in the United States for each that has occurred, the American Federation of Labour announced on Saturday. Doctor John R. Stellman Director of the United States Conciliation Service at the American Federation of Labour stated in a radio programme "ever since the war started, we have found an entirely different attitude on the part of Labour and Management. Even though disagreements exist, both sides are anxious to avoid work stoppages at all costs."—Reuter.

CHIEF BASE OF JAP SUPPLY

Chungking Spokesman On Strategic Importance Of Manchuria

CHUNGKING, Sept. 18.

Eleven years ago to-day Japan acting on the pretext of a faked attack on the Peking-Mukden railway seized all chief military stations in South Manchuria and thus struck the first blow for the creation of her Greater East Asia Empire. The anniversary is being commemorated throughout China on the orders of the Chungking Government.

Addresses are being broadcast to the Chinese in Japanese-occupied territory—particularly in Manchuria.

It is known here that many meetings have secretly been held by Manchurian Chinese to plan methods of co-operation with the National forces in China.

"To-day our information is that Japan has made Manchuria her chief base of supply", said a Government spokesman. "Several new ports and many airfields have been constructed. The railways of Manchuria have been increased to 7,000 miles besides many thousand miles of new roads."

It is significant that several of these railways lead to strategic points on the Russian frontier opposite Khabarovsk, Blazvostochensk, etc.

According to trustworthy information Japanese forces in Manchuria have been increased. —Reuter.

BR. SUBMARINE LOST

LONDON, Sept. 19.

The Admiralty announces that the submarine "Urge" Lieutenant-Commander E. P. Tomkinson—is overdue and must be considered lost.—Reuter.

More Arrests And Convictions In Madras Province

MADRAS, Sept. 20.

Reports of more arrests and convictions have been received from the Districts.

Mr. N. Somasundaram Iyer, Chairman of the Vellore Municipal Council, was arrested yesterday and kept under detention in the Vellore Central Jail under the Defence of India Rules.

Two persons have been arrested for picketing the District Munsiff's Court at Namakkal, Salem District.

Two persons who picketed the District Munsiff's Court at Karkal, South Kanara District, were sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment each.

Mr. Goka Thammayya, a Harijan member of the Vizagapatam District Board, was sentenced to six months' R. I. and a fine of Rs. 25 for picketing Maharaja's College.

TWO COMMUNISTS JAILED.

Two communists of Madura were sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment each for making "prejudicial" speeches. Two others were awarded six months R. I. each by the City Magistrate, Madura, for being members of unlawful assembly.

A Palghat report states that the members of a Congress Jatha, who were marching from Parli to Mankara were arrested for shouting Congress slogans in front of the police station, Mankara. They have been remanded to custody by the Sub-divisional Magistrate, Palghat.—A. P.

WARRANT AGAINST SHANNO DEVI

LAHORE, Sept. 17.

A bailable warrant for the arrest of Shrimati Shanno Devi, M.L.A., was issued for non-appearance in Court at the resumed hearing of the case against her, under Rule 38 of the Defence of India Rules, by a local Magistrate.

A notice to show cause why his security should not be forfeited was issued by the same court against the person who stood surety for her, and the case against Shrimati Shanno Devi was adjourned till September 24. —United Press.

Bar Inquiry Into Complaints

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 19.

The local Bar Association has appointed a committee to enquire into the complaints regarding the methods adopted by the authorities in dealing with the situation in Ahmedabad District and the City and to take all such steps that may be deemed necessary to get such complaints adequately redressed.—A. P.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

From a bulletin issued by Tata Air Lines I learn that a large consignment of Vitex was recently flown by them to Baghdad. Strange cargo in world war II.

* * *

Local journalist to Verrier Elwin: "And what does the youngster (his son) look like?" Elwin: "Who, Jawaharlal? I am afraid he looks like Winston Churchill."

The Bull dog breed?

* * *

There is no truth in the rumour that All-India Radio can now be heard on wavelength 41.5.

* * *

The Oxford Pamphlets on Indian Affairs include a pamphlet on "Ceylon." Am I to understand this also is our affair? I would, however, like to suggest to the Oxford University Press that these pamphlets should later be bound together in one or two volumes—specially the series on World Affairs as it would make a useful sort of reference book to be kept which one cannot do with loose pamphlets.

* * *

Gentleman from Dash-Dash road thought that the Oxford pamphlets were fish found in the Isis! (Hit me!)

* * *

Gestapo Agent P.Q. 13 (the big one now handling only big assignments) tells me that there is something bigger than the White Poppies idea shortly to be launched. Stand by!

1,000 Copies of CHUNGKING DIARY Sold in a Week

NAGPUR MILL STRIKE CALLED OFF

NAGPUR, Sept. 20.

More than 20,000 workers of the Empress Mills and the Model Mills of Nagpur who were on strike resumed work to-day.

Late last night, the workers considered at a meeting presided over by Mr. R. S. Ruikar a letter from the Labour Commissioner promising that there would be no victimisation of the workers and the question of the release of workers under arrest would be considered if the strike was ended. This offer was unanimously accepted.—A.P.

INDUS FLOODS SUBSIDING

KARACHI, Sept. 19.

It is officially stated that the floods in the Indus have now subsided and the water has gone down at Shikarpur by two feet and at Dadu by one foot. Two Railway breaches have been closed, one near Bukar Sehwan and the other near Phulji

The village of Bhan is still under water. The water is at present draining to the Indus via the Manchehar Lake.—A.P.

Increased Hedge Selling On N. Y. Cotton Exchange

Bombay, Sept. 19.

The New York cotton market is now mainly interested in price control news from Washington. The Census Bureau announced cotton consumption during August at 9,25,000 bales.

On Friday the New York cotton market was erratic and price movements were dominated by conflicting price control advices from Washington. During the early part of the session there was nervous liquidation which was encountered by trade price-fixing and short covering but rallies continued to attract increased hedge selling.

At the opening October option was quoted one point down at 18.29 but improved to 18.32 which was the highest level reached during the first hour. Thereafter there was increased selling and October declined to 18.21 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a decline of 9 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices closed 7 points lower at 19.54c. per lb.

The New Orleans cotton market was also quiet and prices declined 9 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 9 points at 18.55c per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES—

Sept. 16:—	
October highest (12-24 p.m.)	18.50+09
October lowest (3 p.m.)	18.36—05
Sept. 17:—	
October highest (10 a.m.)	18.42+06
October lowest (3 p.m.)	18.30—06
Sept. 18:—	
October highest 10-48 a.m.)	18.32+02
October lowest (3 p.m.)	18.21—09

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Sept. 19.

October	18.13
December	18.35
January	18.42
Middling Spot	19.37

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, Sept. 19.

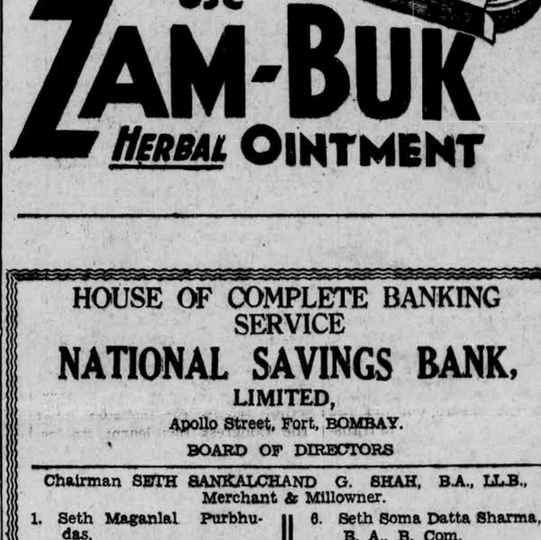
October	18.32
December	18.56
January	18.60
Middling Spot	18.57

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Sept. 19.

T. T. London on:—

New York, sellers	4.02-1/2
buyers	4.03-1/2
Madrid, official	40.6
Montreal, sellers	4.43
buyers	4.47
Zurich, sellers	17.3
buyers	17.4
Stockholm, sellers	15.85
buyers	16.95

London Silver, Gold, Wheat, and Stock Exchange were closed.



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Monday, September 21, 1942

Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

EASTERN WATCH
Hornby Road—BOMBAY.
For
Electric Clocks

People Cannot Be "Bludgeoned Into Co-operation"

Bombay Businessmen Commend Calcutta European Lead To Churchill & Amery

BOMBAY, September 20.

A statement to the press issued over the signatures of Sir Purushotamdas Thakurdas, Sir Rahimtoolla Chinoy, Sir Chunilal B. Mehta, Mr. J. C. Setalvad, Mr. Krishnaraj, M. D. Thackersey, Mr. Haridas Madhavadas, Mr. M. R. A. Baig and Mr. Ali Mohamed Mecklai "deplores" Mr. Churchill's recent speech on India in the House of Commons and welcomes the resolution recently passed by a group of Calcutta Europeans headed by Mr. Arthur Moore.

BLASTED HOPES

"The statement says:—

"Three months ago, on the occasion of the "United Nations' Flag Day" some of us issued a statement appealing to our countrymen to co-operate in ensuring victory. That appeal was based on the hope that along with closer consolidation in the ranks of the United Nations would come better understanding between Britain and India. Only on the basis of sympathy and confidence between Government and the people, can the war effort in India as elsewhere be mobilised at full strength.

TOKYO WELCOMES THEM!

Realising this we deplore deeply Mr. Churchill's unfortunate and provocative speech in the House of Commons. If anything is calculated to embitter feeling, provoke suspicion and consequently impair India's war effort, it is sentiments of the type to which the British Premier gave much intemperate utterance. Nor unfortunately did Mr. Amery's speech display more generous foresight or statesmanship.

We are constrained to say that if the recent resolution of the All-India Congress Committee proved welcome to Tokyo, the speeches of the British Premier and the Secretary of State for India will excite equal jubilation in that quarter.

HAMPERING WAR EFFORT

People cannot be bludgeoned into co-operation. That is a fact which the British Government both in Whitehall and India would do well to realise. Every provocative utterance directed towards this country every action calculated to wound or humiliate cannot but harden public opinion and make the task of those genuinely eager to assist the war effort correspondingly more difficult.

We would like finally to welcome the resolution recently passed by a group of Calcutta Europeans headed by Mr. Arthur Moore. The spirit of realism, conciliation and understanding it displays might profitably be emulated by more Britishers in this country on whom a special responsibility devolves in these critical days."—A.P.

Birthday Tributes To Aurobindo Ghosh

CALCUTTA, Sept. 20.

"Sri Aurobindo towers as a beacon of lght effulgent" says the famous Artist Nicholas Roerich, in a tribute to Sri Aurobindo Ghosh, sent on the occasion of the latter's seventieth birthday. "In days of armageddon," adds Professor Roerich, "the envoy of heavenly thought is even more precious to distressed humanity."

Dr. G. R. Arundale, President of the Theosophical Society, Mr. K. Srinivasan, Editor of the "Hindu", Madras, and Dr. J. H. Cousins, are amongst others who have also sent tributes to the philosopher.—A.P.

INDIA'S MARITIME TRADITION

Flag Officer On R. I. N's. Progress

BOMBAY, Sept. 19.

Vice-Admiral Sir Herbert Fitzherbert, Flag Officer Commanding, the Royal Indian Navy, broadcasting to-night from the Bombay station of All-India Radio said:—

"I have been in Bombay for a week and have spent the week in carrying out as many inspections as were possible in the time available.

I hope that a great many people know to-day that the R. I. N. has increased very largely and that the increase and expansion is continuing.

In an expansion such as the R. I N. is making the problem of training looms very large and so the new training establishments of the R. I. N. formed a very important part of my inspection.

SATISFACTORY PROGRESS

I am not easily satisfied but I should like to make it known that what I have seen in Bombay during this busy week has been eminently satisfactory.

I am happy to be able to say that there is a splendid, spirit running through all the large collections of men that are being trained and that the progress that is being made should satisfy the most exacting critic.

The Signal School deserves special mention—here hundreds of communication ratings and officers both R. I. N. and R. N. are being trained in the most up-to-date methods of signalling of flags, semaphore, morse branch and wireless telegraphy.

The new gunnery school which has been laid out to the best advantage was full of officers and men being instructed in the latest mysteries of gunnery so that they can contest and maintain the armament of a modern man of war.

16,000 TRAINED

I was fortunate to be able to go to sea in one of the latest fast submarine chasers of the R. I. N. Built in India by Indian labour she is a fine little ship capable of administering the death blow to any enemy submarine she makes contact with.

One of the most interesting inspections that I carried out was at the school which teaches the officers and men of the merchant navy how to use the defensive armament with which their ships are equipped. Here no less than 16 thousand officers and men have been trained in the last 12 months.

INDIA'S MARITIME TRADITION

In conclusion I should like all listeners to know that they can be satisfied at the efficient progress and continued expansion that is being made by the R. I. N. officers and men are intensely keen and enthusiasic and will guarantee that when they are called upon for the greatest efforts and efficiency they will not fail you.

A new training depot that will cope with two thousand new recruits is now in existence as if by the wave of a magic wand and training of India's youth for the navy is proceeding apace.

A thousand years ago India was a great war-time station. It is up to us, yes, and to you to keep that 2000 (?) years old shield burnished bright.—A. P.

'SILLY QUESTIONS' OF U. S. WOMEN CORRESPONDENTS

Russian Heroine On Her Washington Experiences

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Sept. 18.

The Russian Heroine, Lieut. Liudmlia Pavlichenko who killed 309 Germans and who is at present in Washington is very disappointed with American women correspondents. She says, what is important with American women is whether they wear silk underwear under their uniforms. She asked: "Don't women Press correspondents at Washington know there is war? They asked me silly questions such as: Do you use powder rouge and nail-polish? Do you curl your hair? One even criticised the length of my uniform skirt saying, in America, women wear shorter skirts. She said: 'My uniform made me look fat.' This made me angry. I wear my uniform with honour. It has the Order of Lenin on it. It has been covered with blood in battle. American women still have to learn what the uniform stands for. As a matter of fact, I am just as womanly as any other woman. I intend to marry possibly during the war the man I left behind in the Russian frontline, but at the present moment when my country is fighting for its life, neither I nor other Russian women think about ourselves or our emotions."

NEW DEAN OF ANNAMALAI UNIVERSITY

ANNAMALAI NAGAR, Sept. 17.

The Syndicate of the Annamalai University which met to-day, appointed Prof. R. Ramanujachariar, Dean of the Faculty of Arts and Professor of Philosophy to exercise the powers and perform the duties of the Vice-Chancellor till the appointment of a permanent Vice-Chancellor is made.

The meeting then adjourned as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Sir K. V. Reddi.—A. P

Lady Lumley Felicitates Muslim Women

POONA, Sept. 16.

A special meeting of the Muslim women of Poona and Deccan was held here at the Anglo-Urdu High School for Girls, Poona, to-day under the presidentship of Lady Lumley.

In the course of her presidential address Lady Lumley congratulated Muslim women for the great interest they were taking in the war effort and hoped they would continue to give maximum help in the war in various capacities.

Begum Shah Nawaz made a fervent appeal to Muslim women to follow the example of the brave women of Russia and China who were playing a prominent part in the fight for their country's freedom.—A. P.

INVESTITURE AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

GANESHKHIND (Poona), Sept. 19.

The Governor of Bombay held an informal investiture at Government House.—A. P.

Sugar Scarcity Developments

Millowners Buy Java Product At Seven Annas And Sell It At Three Annas Per lb. To Their Employees

(From A Correspondent)

It is an astounding fact that the Government has offered and Bombay Millowners' Association has purchased sugar at a rate roughly 2.1|2 times as costly as the sugar at present supplied.

Indian sugar is controlled for wholesale in Bombay at about Rs. 14 per Bengal maund, while this will cost Rs. 35 per maund.

The following is from the circular No. 198 dated 8th September, 1942 of the Association:—

"Arrangements have been made by the Association to secure bulk supplies of sugar for sale in mill grain shops and for use in canteens. The sugar available is infinitely superior to the quality at present sold and may be roughly 2.1|2 times as costly as the sugar at present supplied."

It seems this sugar has been sold under the garb of "Superior quality" at such an exorbitant rate.

From a later circular to No. 198 of the 16th September of the Association it is found that the sugar offered is Java sugar.

Prices of best possible Indian sugar as fixed by the Controller are only twelve annas per maund higher than the lowest quality sugar. What then is this Java sugar which has cost 2.1|2 times of normal sugar? Java quality is well known and was freely marketed prior to the War in Pacific. Never has this sugar fetched more than a rupee or two more than average Indian sugar. There are several factories in India which are making sugar as good as Java sugar and have been fetching the same price as that of Java sugar.

What is then the reason that Government has come forward and sold sugar at 2.1/2 times the controlled price? Java sugar as and when imported never cost more than Indian sugar. Who is then making this huge profit and why has Government practically become a party to this Black Market?

It has not been a small quantity. The Government has sold and the Association bought sugar on the basis of one bag per every ten workmen. The sugar would, of course, be sold at the control rate and the mills will bear the loss but the public has a right to know why this sugar was also not controlled by the Government on the same terms as the Indian sugar? Selling sugar at such a high rate by private arrangement they much resembles Black Market practice.

There is something more than what meets the eye and the public must know all about it. When the sugar situation is so acute such happenings naturally provoke the public mind.

Millowners' Case

Inquiry at the Mill-owners' Association by a representative of the "Chronicle" shows that the aforesaid report is correct. The Millowners' Association paid this high price for sugar, because it was pure Java sugar which had been lying in the Port Trust Warehouse after the outbreak of war. Java Sugar is now not obtainable in the market. Each pound of sugar will cost the Millowners' Association seven annas nett, and they will sell it to their workers at three annas a pound only, thus suffering a loss of four annas on each pound of sugar, which is calculated at about Rs. 2 lacs a month.

The Millowners' Association paid this exorbitant price to the Government as no sugar was available after the recent disturbances in the city, and the mill operatives, were feeling the pinch very severely. The Millowners' Association, in their anxiety to come to the rescue of the poor workers deemed it advisable to buy Java sugar even at high price.

Jute Goods For U. S. A.

Possibility Of Expanded Market For Indian Manufacturers

CALCUTTA, Sept. 19.

The possibility of the market for Indian jute goods in the United States being further expanded provided that the Indian mills take the initiative in developing new lines of manufacture is hinted at in the annual report of the Indian Central Jute Committee for the year 1941-42.

The report makes a forecast that the total supply of raw jute in the season 1942-43 is expected to be sufficient for the total probable demand of the season as well as for leaving a total stock of moderate size at the end of the season.

SAMPLING SURVEY

One of the important findings of the researches conducted by the committee on various subjects relating to the economics of jute is that the present loomage strength of the industry as a whole is about a third more than what would be normally required.

The work of the Committee in connection with the scheme for carrying out a random sampling survey of the area under jute has given satisfactory result, and it is definitely stated in the report that the ultimate goal of establishing a sound sampling technique for the whole of Bengal at a foreseeable cost has been reached. The Committee have recommended the technique to the Government of Bengal and the latter have decided to take up the scheme of random sampling survey of the area under jute in Bengal during 1942.

The report also records good progress of his work of the Committee in connection with agricultural, technological marketing and economic problems of jute as also the dissemination of information or value to the trade.—A. P.

U.S. SHIP BUILDING SCHEME

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.

Mr. Henry J. Kaiser, the west coast Ship-builder, want 20,000 New York workers to help three huge cargo-carrying planes, for which the United States Government has contracted to pay 18 million dollars. The United States Employment Service here confirmed that two representatives have arrived to engage men.—Reuter.

DR. HALDER DEAD

CALCUTTA, Sept 17.

The death occurred yesterday at his Calcutta residence of Dr. Hiralal Halder, (77), a former George V Professor of Philosophy of the Calcutta University.—A. P.

NEW DELHI, Sept. 19.—Arrangements for the distribution at controlled prices of the stocks of different types of radio sets received from America under leaselend are to be discussed by representatives of the Commerce Department with representatives of the All-India Radio Merchants Association here on Monday. The sets received vary from cheap to expensive ones.—A. P.

Your Patience Please!
Difficulties of wartime production and transport, combined with increasing public demand have curtailed supplies. Available supplies are distributed equitably throughout the country. But even if you should be disappointed occasionally, always ask for GLUCO as supplies may have arrived meantime. We are working full out to meet all demands.
Tea time at the Office
After a long spell at the desk, tea-time is a welcome break and doubly so when there are Parle's MONACO Salted Snacks along with it. These tasty biscuits with a tang all their own are now firm favourites in most offices. If you haven't tasted them yet may we suggest right now a memo to the office sepoy: Send for a packet of
Parle's MONACO
SALTED SNACKS

ANNOUNCEMENT

With effect from date, we have discontinued issuing coupons in Caravan Cigarettes. It is further notified that all coupons included in current stocks will be redeemed by us as usual.

DATED, 15th SEPTEMBER 1942.

CARAVAN
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CIGARETTES
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WITHOUT COUPONS

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CHARLIE CHAN — DROPPING EXCESS BAGGAGE — By ALFRED ANDRIOLA

I'M MAKING YOU GENTLEMEN A PRESENT OF THIS LIQUID AIR- BE CAREFUL YOU DON'T LET IT FALL - AND EXPLODE! HA! HA!
EVEN RUTHLESS BEAST SPARES YOUNG! LET LADDIE GO!
LET THE BRAT GO WHO BROUGHT ABOUT MY DOWNFALL? NEVER!
I'LL PACK THE PLANE FOR THE GET-AWAY, PISTOL! THEN YOU GO OUTSIDE AND PUT A BULLET THROUGH ONE OF THOSE CANS FROM THE WINDOW!
YEAH, BUT WHAT HAPPENS TO ME?
THE WALLS OF THE HOUSE WILL PROTECT YOU FROM INJURY!
THE DUMB FOOL WILL BE BLOWN UP, TOO! I'LL ESCAPE ALONE!
Alfred Andriola
McNaught Syndicate, Inc.

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